GIRL WIFE TRIES SUICIDE ON COMMON

ALL RECORDS SMASHED!
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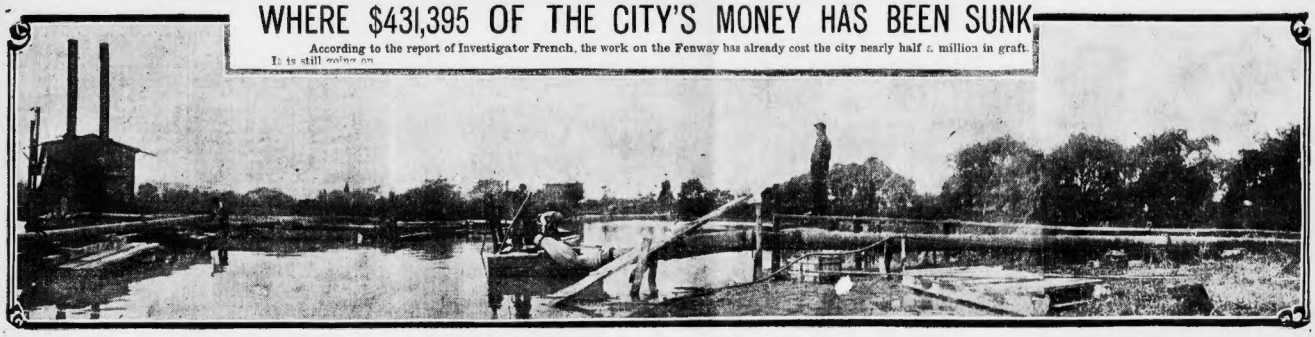
DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND MAYOR WHELTON IN CONFERENCE

MORAN PROBES THE FENWAY GRAFT.

WHERE $431,395 OF THE CITY'S MONEY HAS BEEN SUNK

According to the report of Investigator French, the work on the Fenway has already cost the city nearly half a million in graft. It is still going on.



PHOTOGRAPHED BY BOSTON AMERICAN PHOTOGRAPHER.

SECTION OF THE FENWAY, SHOWING DREDGING OPERATIONS, CONTRACTOR DONOVAN'S PART OF THE WORK

Distracted by Domestic Unhappiness

GIRL WIFE TRIES TO DIE

Mrs. Joseph Desfosses, Sixteen Years Old, Drinks Carbolic Acid on Common.

Treated at Emergency Hospital, and Is Expected to Recover.

Distracted by domestic troubles, sixteen-year-old Mrs. Sadie Desfosses, the girl wife of Joseph A. Desposses of No. 46 Court street, attempted suicide to-day by drinking a vial of carbolic acid on Boston Common. She was taken to the Emergency Hospital, where the doctors, after a sharp struggle, managed to rally her so that she is now expected to recover. Her husband, who is said to have had an argument on the Common with her shortly before her attempt on her life, arrived at the hospital soon after his wife was brought there. The young wife recovered consciousness about that time, and the husband was admitted to see her.

Girl Bought Poison.

Five minutes before the tragic scene in front of the subway station a young woman, whose description tallies with that of Mrs. Desfosses, now in the Emergency Hospital, bought ten cents worth of carbolic acid at Epstein's drug store at the corner of Tremont row and Scollay square. She said she wanted to disinfect a sick room. She signed the name, "Mrs. Desfosses, No. 345 Tremont street," in the druggist's book. Manager E. A. Woods of the drug store thinks his customer and the young woman who drank the poison on the Common were the same.

The following account of the sale in Epstein's drug store is given by Manager Woods:

"At 10:15 o'clock a young woman, very pretty, well dressed and a brunette, answering the description of this young woman, came into the store and asked for carbolic acid. She said: 'Give me 5 cents worth of carbolic acid.'

"I told her the smallest quantity we could sell was a ten-cent vial and she answered, 'Give me that and please hurry.'

"In accordance with the law I asked what she intended to use it for. She said: 'I wish to disinfect a sick room.'

"Was in a Hurry."

"She did not seem especially excited or despondent, but was simply in a hurry. She signed the book as 'Mrs. Desfosses, No. 345 Tremont street.' She went out of the store and walked down into Scollay square subway, as I happened to notice her go in there."

The suicide set on the Common took place at 10:45 o'clock, just about the time that the young woman would naturally consume in going by way of the subway from Scollay square to Park street, after she had purchased the acid in Epstein's.

The first knowledge of the despondent girl about the Common was when Samuel Shoy, aged a newsboy, saw her come up out of the subway exit.

She rushed out as though in distress, shrieking: "I am tired of life; I want to die." She reached into her muff, drew out a vial and dressed it to her lips. Shepherd and two men hurried to stop her, but were too late. She drank the contents of the vial and, with a convulsive movement, threw the bottle away.

Then she staggered toward the roadway and sank unconscious, partly on the sidewalk, partly in the roadway.

A crowd gathered. Women screamed. A policeman, assisted by two men, took the unconscious girl to Woodward's drug store at the Corner of Tremont row and Hamilton place. An Emergency Hospital ambulance was the first to answer the call, and the would-be suicide was taken to the latter institution.

The hospital doctors found in the young woman's pocket the following business card: "John F. Duffy, attorney and counsellor-at-law, No. 23 Court street."

Pinned on the lapel of her long black coat was a miniature photograph pin containing the picture of a young man in uniform of the marine. She had no money in her pockets.

The business card and the pin aided in identifying her.

MINIATURE WORN BY MRS. DEOPOSSES.

TEL. 3721-2 MAIN

JOHN F. DUFFY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

23 COURT ST.

ROOM 214 BOSTON.

CARD FOUND ON WOULD-BE SUICIDE.

BOSTON MAN FOR BIG PRESIDENCY

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—C. W. Carpenter of Boston has accepted the presidency of the Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Company, to take effect January 1, in place of B. T. Fullen, resigned.

$100,0000 FIRE IN AN IOWA TOWN

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 30.—Fire destroyed three business blocks at Chariton early to-day, with aloss of $100,000.

Who Stole Those 99 Cents?

Lawyer French reports the Fenway "Graft" $431,394.99.—Daily paper.

Mr. Beelzebub was sitting on a pile of anthracite,
And a-reading of his paper by the flick'ring firelight;
But as he read he marvelled, and as he marvelled, laughed,
When his eye fell on that paragraph about the Fenway "Graft."

"Nearly half a million! That is 'going some,'" said B.
"I've surely got some followers in Boston town, B'Gee!
If I should stroll down State street at their game to take a look,
I'll bet they'd yell at me and cry, 'The Hook! Go get the Hook!'

"Four hundred 'thou' for 'Finance' is not a sum immense,
And thirty 'thou' can well be called 'Legitimate Expense,'
'Three-ninety-four' is not too much to pay out 'down the line';
But the thing that really gets me is, WHO STOLE THAT $99?"

PROBING MRS. CHASE'S DEATH AT LYNN TO-DAY

INQUEST INTO SWAMPSCOTT MYSTERY BEGINS, JUDGE BERRY PRESIDING.

When the inquest into the death of Mrs. Jennie P. Chase was resumed at Lynn to-day, Dr. Horace Chase, her husband, who is fighting to retain the fortune left him in her will, was called to the stand.

The inquest had been adjourned in order to allow District Attorney Scott Peters an opportunity to get a transcript of the testimony given at the will contest in Salem, in which some very sensational evidence was given to the effect that Mrs. Chase feared that she might meet with violence at the hands of her husband.

Dr. Chase was questioned searchingly about the details of the death of his wife, which Medical Examiner Pinkham, the Chase family physician, put down as a suicide. At the Salem trial the doctor told the story in detail and without hesitation.

Mrs. Mary E. Trask, a Boston dressmaker, was at the courthouse expecting to be called as a witness to-day. Other witnesses to be put on the stand are L. W. Mosher, the undertaker who exhumed Mrs. Chase's body, and Mary E. Hesselth, the nurse who attended her while she was ill.

MARKET BOOMS AGAIN; COPPER STOCK LEADS

ANACONDA AND AMALGAMATED STILL CLIMB —EXCITEMENT IN WALL STREET.

Great excitement and soaring prices marked the opening of the Stock Exchange to-day, with Anaconda and Amalgamated leading the list.

Anaconda opened at 290 to 295, after closing yesterday at 289, and after the first half-hour of trading stood at 293. An hour later, at 11:30 o'clock, it was quoted at 294.

Amalgamated opened at 109¾, the closing price of yesterday, and climbed to 111, easing off at 11:30 o'clock to 110⅞.

There was great excitement on the New York exchange, according to dispatches to the BOSTON AMERICAN from that city.

One comparatively small failure, that of H. W. Davis, was announced on the floor of the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

It is said in Wall street that several of the big corporations soon will be obliged to increase their dividends, for they can no longer find legitimate excuse for hiding money. Union Pacific, it is believed, will be the first to make the increase and Amalgamated probably will be the next.

The earnings of all the copper companies have been very large and it is expected that all records will be broken in the next six months. The increased volume of copper used is largely due to the rapid increase in the use of electricity as a motive power.

Charges Made by Attorney French Gone Over and Are to Be Thoroughly Sifted by Mr. Moran Himself—Claims City Has Been Overcharged Half a Million.

The report of District Attorney Asa P. French, special counsel for Acting Mayor Whelton in investigating the charges of graft in the Fenway contracts, in which he declares that the city already has been robbed of $431,395, and that the end is not yet, has been laid before District Attorney John B. Moran by Mayor Whelton at the latter's office, for the District Attorney to take such action as he sees fit.

When Mr. Moran left the Mayor's office he said:

"I have been paying a social and business call on the Mayor. The business part of my call related to the Fenway report. I have secured a copy of the report for the purpose of taking official action upon it. I have not read it yet."

Superintendent of Streets James Donovan, when questioned in regard to Mr. French's report on the Fenway matter to-day, said:

"I have nothing to say regarding the report."

Mr. Moran went to City Hall about 11:30 o'clock to-day to confer with Mayor Whelton in regard to the report and to obtain a copy of it. He was with the Mayor for half an hour. Mr. French was present also.

After Mr. Moran had left the Mayor's office Mayor Whelton said:

"Mr. Moran asked me to furnish him with a copy of the Fenway report. I did so, and then Mr. Moran and Mr. French discussed the legal aspects of the matter.

"I infer and assume that the District Attorney will prosecute if he finds that the report warrants it."

If Mr Moran finds sufficient cause in the report, the contractors who have charge of the work will be proceeded against criminally.

In his report Mr. French declares that there has been an incrreasable waste of the city's money, amounting to almost half a million dollars.

He finds that those officers whose duty it was to see that the work was advantageously and economically done have lamentably failed in their duty.

He finds that the contracts given the men doing the work were of the form best suited for the distribution of political patronage.

He lays most of the blame on the Superintendent of the Street Department.

He declares that men who never did any work were carried on the payrolls.

WASTE OF HALF A MILLION.

He says that with one or two exceptions the work has not been conscientiously performed by the contractors, and that they have resented his investigation and obstructed his work.

He estimates that by the time the work shall have been completed there will have been a waste of about $500,000 on a total expenditure of $1,294,114.28.

He presents figures showing the waste in each section, in the gutrocess work, the sewer work and the dredging, and declares that very foolish have been paid for cement and crushed stone in excess of the market price.

In part, Mr. French's report is:

"The charges were, in effect, that there has been extravagance or fraud, or both, on the part of city officials, in which there had, perhaps, been complicity on the part of one or more of the contractors, and it was asserted that the actual cost of the work was enormously in excess of the preliminary estimates.

"I am not even now prepared to say that these charges, in the light of the facts then disclosed, did not approximate to recklessness, nor, on the other hand, am I satisfied that they were not, in the light of further investigation, abundantly justified.

"The chief engineer of the sewer division, Mr. Dart, in whose integrity and ability I have the highest confidence, has afforded me valuable assistance.

"The contractors have not only shown no disposition to help me in respect to this information or any other, but have for the most part indicated resentment that I should venture to ask them to cooperate in ascertaining and presenting to the public the true facts touching the matters under investigation. This I cannot help regarding, in view of my findings hereinafter set forth, as a most significant circumstance.

"Certain information from outside sources was from time to time brought to my attention which, if true, would tend to prove a conspiracy on the part of one or more of the contractors with one or more of the city officials to defraud the city, and I thereupon stated the case to the Chief of the Massachusetts District Police and asked him, because of the great public importance of the investigation to be detail two of his men from the detective department to assist me in verifying this information.

State Aid Refused.

"For reasons which seemed to him sufficient, and which I have no inclination to criticise, Mr. Shaw refused to comply with my request unless directed to do so by an executive order. I therefore applied to the Governor, who, upon the advice of the attorney-general, declined to issue such an order.

"I have employed, for the purpose of

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

LIBBIE GARRABRANT TELLS FIRST STORY OF HER 34 YEARS IN PRISON

WOMAN TELLS OF LIVING DEATH IN PRISON CELL

It seemed to me that I was lying in my own grave, and that clods of earth were falling upon me, shutting out the light and slowly smothering me.

The most terrible thing in prison life is the endless silence. Every day is the same. We did not celebrate Christmas or Thanksgiving, or any of the other holidays.

—From Libbie Garrabrant's story of thirty-four years in Trenton, N. J. prison.

Condemned to Die in 1871 for Murder, Sentence Was Commuted to Life Imprisonment.

Paroled From Trenton, N. J., State Prison, She Describes Living Death in Cell.

Libbie Garrabrant, paroled from Trenton, N. J., State Prison after thirty-four years' imprisonment for poisoning Ransom F. Burrough for whom she was housekeeper, has told the story of her experience exclusively to the BOSTON AMERICAN. She made a confession of her crime and was condemned to death, but sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. She was but seventeen at the time of her imprisonment and is now fifty-one years old. Her statement follows.

By Libbie Garrabrant.

Written exclusively for the American.

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One of the merciful gifts of God is that those who suffer do not realize the full extent of their suffering at once. It is granted to them by an All Wise Father that they shall sense it only be degrees. If the consciousness of it came upon them at a blow they would die or go mad.

Nature turns the edge of the weapon by dulling the senses, and the full knowledge of grief comes only as a slow waking from sleep.

That is the reason why when my trial was over, and I saw the great red walls and the painted iron doors of Trenton Prison I did not shriek and try to throw myself from the prison van. I was young, only seventeen. I did not grasp the enormity of my crime nor the measure of my punishment.

There were friends with me; one was a good woman, who has since died, and her arm was about me, her robe pouring comforting about my car.

"You will not be here long," she whispered. "You are so young. The law is not cruel to mere children. Be brave."

And so with this sole comfort, trembling me I walked up the two steps, thirty-four long years ago, and stood while they rang the bell. We stood in a small vestibule waiting for the jailer to open the door, and I wondered if the cell in which I would be assigned would look like that.

Shuddered at Prison Door.

"Will it be so cold?" I wondered, and I shivered, but I was young and strong, and the shudder passed. My good friend, the noble woman who has since died, held my hand. I looked into her motherly face and did not dream that the warm pity often leads to a wrong conclusion. I had always been coddled and petted and helped by others. At seventeen I had done little thinking for myself. Indeed, I did little thinking for me.

The turnkey opened the door and I looked at the big key in his hand, ten times larger than the key to the door of the house in which I had been housekeeper, and I thought, "How it fits mine."

The turnkey looked at me sadly. Long afterward I was told that he had a daughter of my age and that when he saw me he thought, "My God, if this were Mary, I would rather kill her with my own hands than see her here."

He said nothing to me; only with the big key swinging in his hand he led the way to the warden's office. But the door had slammed as he closed it. It gave back a ringing echo like steel striking steel. When I heard it, something seemed to fill, to choke, to burst in my throat.

It seemed to me as in a vision that I was lying in my own grave and that clods of earth were falling upon me, in a black, choking shower of them, shutting out the light and slowly smothering me.

The office was dimly burning, for it was very early. Three times the warden spoke to me. I saw his lips move, but I could not hear his words. I was dying of a great closing door deadened me.

Speechless in Fear.

The choking sensation in my throat remained. My friend the good woman whispered to me that the warden must fill out the blank, that he must know my name and the crime for which I had been sentenced and other facts. But my tongue refused to move.

My friend made answer for me and yet to this day at moment I will not be able to say where I was, what I was and, more terrible still, what I was to become. Nature's anodyne, blunting the sense of suffering, saved me from a full realization of my situation. The memory of what followed then is blurred.

Remember that it was thirty-four years ago—longer than many of those who read this story have lived.

In words of the prison nothing seems to happen. All stands still. One's life seems to be like that of an insect in amber. The officers glide about, noiseless, of course, within prison walls. But they are the things one sees in the trees whose leaves fall in Autumn. One decays and dies like the leaves. That is all. Life seems to the man or woman in a prison cell.

They placed me in cell No. 6 at first. It may have been weeks, may be only for even a year, I remained there. I do not know. It has all faded from me. That monotony that is the keynote of prison life.

Removal to "Life Cell."

From No. 6 I was removed in time to No. 17. I do not know why I was put there. But I believe that if ever a full, swelling sense of my situation came to me it was when the matron led me to cell No. 17 and said, "Libbie, we will move you now to No. 2 on the lower tier."

I turned into tears when she spoke, for I knew that the lower tier of cells in which was No. 2 was the tier next above the **prisoners built it to the** *life prisoners.* I knew that technically I had been a life prisoner, but the good women who were working for my release had told me often that I would soon be pardoned that I had been confined that my stay in prison would be a short one. **Now for the first time it was overwhelmingly borne in upon me that before me stretched a lifetime in prison.**

I bit my lips until they bled. Tears blinded me so that I could not see to take my few belongings. But the matron spoke low to me. She had noticed many a woman to move to the lowest tier, and she knew the tumult of despair that made me silent. She took the few clothes from my hands and herself placed them in the box that was to carry them to cell No. 2.

25 Years in Cell No. 2.

I entered and the matron pushed me down gently upon the cot. I sat there while they unpacked the things from the little box and placed them across my chair. I watched them dully while they moved the packing chair from the corner and the tiny dressing stand to the head of my bed. The matron said, "Now, Libbie, be a good girl. You will be very comfortable here."

They went on, they did their shinking after them, and the anguish I had felt when the prison closed upon me first was as nothing to the agony awakened by this second sound. For then it had seemed as though I were partly asleep, that I did not quite know the meaning of the heavy metallic sound as the great key turned in the door. But now I comprehended.

"Here I must live," I muttered in deepest despair. "Here I may die."

I lay down upon the cot and despair seemed to roll over me in waves. I felt that I was suffocating. I could not have spoken a word that might be heard by my one else, but my mind heard what my lips were framing:

"Here I must live. Here I may die."

My premonitions were true in part. I spent nearly five years in cell No. 2—a quarter of a century of the same dulling, deadening routine. Just a quarter of a bell rang to wake us. A few minutes afterward some one brought us our bread, fast of tea and bread. At 9 o'clock we were summoned to work.

I was, from the first, assigned to work in the sewing room. I learned to make dresses.

I can make them well.

Silence the Worst Terror.

The most terrible thing in prison life is its silence. The brightest thing is the virtue of the good women who work among the prisoners for their salvation. The saddest thing is the sound of women weeping at night alone.

Often when my heart seemed bursting with the pain of it I long deferred I wanted to cry out, but I dared not break the prison rules. Besides, I knew that in the other prisoners the sound would be, as it was to me, a wail in an already aching heart.

I had been in prison thirteen years when I was converted. It came about through the kind of meetings of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. They talked to the girls and prayed for them. One of these kind-faced women spoke often of "a clean heart."

"A clean heart!" I thought. "How I should like to be clean of heart and pure in the sight of God." And one blessed day I felt suddenly that my wish had come true, that I had indeed a clean heart; that I was, in the sight of God, a pure woman.

Then, in 1903, there was a prison change. It seemed less deadening, less awful. I began to follow my prisoners to sympathize with them, to say a kind word when I could, to plead when they went out, even though I knew they would be returned to me. I was very left to that kind. That I have noticed all prisoners do, but I never shall. But in the great world once more, the memory of those they knew in the little world they left.

LIBBIE GARRABRANT.

WILHELMINA BUSCH, WHO TRIED TO ELOPE.

STORY BY CHILD MAY CLEAR DEATH MYSTERY

LIKELY TO LEAD TO ARREST OF PERSON WHO STRANGLED MATTIE HACKETT.

READFIELD, Me., Dec. 29.—The story of a little girl, which has just come to the ears of the county officials, may serve to clear the mystery that has shrouded the murder of Mattie Hackett, the pretty girl who was enticed from her home, near here, and strangled to death with a cord about her neck.

The new evidence that has come to light is in the form of a whispered conversation between a little girl, a woman, overheard by the child, which, if she can be induced to repeat it in court, may result in sensational arrests and one of the most interesting trials that ever occurred in New England.

The woman, who will be called upon, it is said, to tell what she knows about the strange case, is Gertrude Raymond, a widow who lives in the village of Mount Vernon, near here. She is a niece of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Haywood, whose names have been mentioned so frequently in connection with the tragedy which broke New England calm.

Should the girl's story prove what the officials hope it will, there will be revealed in court facts that are more sensational than the murder itself.

These facts go to prove that the girl who was strangled was the victim of the jealous hatred of a woman, and that the woman inflicted almost the entire wrath of a man and was overheard.

So strong is this evidence that the person under suspicion is guarded day and night by relays of deputy sheriffs, and in the event of an attempt to escape or to leave the town this person will be placed under arrest immediately.

"I believe that we now have the required evidence to secure an indictment for the murder of Mattie Hackett."

In these words County Attorney Leigh voiced his own and Sheriff Haun's opinion after having listened for three hours to the testimony of little Gertrude Raymond.

NIECE OF BERT RAYMOND.

Mr. Leigh, accompanied by a detective and a stenographer, has been to Mount Vernon and put the child through an exhaustive examination. Her testimony was taken down and will be presented to the Kennebec County grand jury when that body convenes on January 2. The information furnished by the little girl is withheld from the public until the grand jury has had an opportunity to act.

Gertrude Raymond is a niece of Bert Raymond, whose wife, Mrs. Elsie Hobbs Raymond, is under indictment for murder in three shortly after the murder. Mrs. Raymond declared her innocence of any part in the crime, although she was carefully watched and was accordingly examined at the time. No arrest was ever made in connection with the case after the tramps, who were at first suspected, were released.

It is reported that the testimony of the little girl implicates a man and a woman in the murder.

The discovery of this new bit of important evidence came about in a peculiar manner. Some time after Mattie Hackett's death the child, who had been visiting here, told a relative in Boston of a conversation she had overheard between two people. The conversation was in whispers, but the words of one person were practically every word that was said. The confidant of the child, an attorney, saw in the revelation a mystery and contained information that has never become public.

Word Came From Boston.

When the Boston relative heard the story from the little girl, Sheriff Haun was communicated with, and the interview was held before him. He recognized its significance, and gave the startling information to County Attorney Leigh. It is the result that they are both satisfied that the necessary evidence is at hand.

Mattie Hackett met her death within a few rods from the front door of her home at Kent's Hill. Her father, Levi Hackett, was in the barn when he heard a scream. Then he heard another voice replying, "Don't you dare tell!" Then they heard another voice exclaim, "You dirty thing." A few seconds later they found the girl dead, like an attempt to cry out but it was instantly shut off by the cord.

Found Her Strangled.

Finally Mr. Hackett went down the road and found his daughter lying by the roadside. With Jonhson's aid she was carried into the house and after she was dead it was found that a small cord had been tied about her neck so tightly that it was imbedded in the flesh. She had been strangled to death.

Johnson was placed under arrest at once, but after being held for a few days for two months he was released. The man who had been released from jail with Johnson were also found and arrested, but nothing was established against them.

Then suspicion fell upon Mrs. Raymond. It was learned that she had been away from her home during the evening, and her husband was greatly worried about her absence.

He too, took a team and spent hours hunting for her. She has always declared that she was in the yard near the house all the time, and a neighbor testified that she had seen her returned from his search for her he found her there, and then she has become a mother.

The authorities have been at a loss to find enough evidence against any person to warrant an arrest, although detectives were brought here from Boston, and the entire machinery of the State was in operation for weeks in the effort to solve the mystery.

IRISH MEMBER WILL SPEAK AT FANEUIL HALL

Hon. Charles Devlin, M. P., of Galway to Aid Campaign for Ireland.

Hon. Charles Devlin, M. P. for Galway, has accepted the invitation of the United Irish League of Boston to speak at the mass meeting in Faneuil Hall on Thursday evening, January 11, when a large and enthusiastic Irish parliamentary party in the general election will be opened by the friends of Ireland in this city.

Mr. Devlin is now in Montreal. Mr. Devlin was chosen as member for Galway to succeed Dr. Coulson in Colonel Arthur Lynch.

Mr. Devlin is a Canadian by birth, and sat for several years in the Dominion Parliament at Ottawa before he became a member of the Irish party. He is no stranger to Boston.

Mr. Devlin defeated Sir Horace Plunkett, the Tory candidate, and head of the Irish Agricultural Department for the representation of Galway, when Colonel Lynch was disqualified from sitting. He is one of the most industrious members of the Irish party, and is always found at his post during the session. His brother, Hon. E. B. Devlin, is one of Sir Wilfred Laurier's right hand men in the Canadian Parliament at present, being speaker for his brother's old constituency.

Several well-known local speakers whose sympathy with the Irish movement has often been demonstrated will also be invited to speak at the Faneuil Hall meeting. Among them are: Right Rev. Denis O'Callaghan, D. D., Hon. Thomas J. Kenegan, Rev. Philip J. O'Donnell, as well as representative of American labor and other than the Irish, whose names have been identified with the Irish cause of years.

COST OF BEHRING TUNNEL $250,000,000

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 30.—American capitalists are becoming extremely active. The latest proof of this is the revival of the project of a railway tunnel between Siberia and Alaska, or the Behring Strait. An official investigation into the plan is being held and the newspapers are discussing it at length. The cost, it is estimated, would be $250,000,000.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Closing.	Chan.
Allouez	42	-1
Amalgamated	110	
American Sugar	133½	1½
American Zinc	10	
Atlantic	26½	
Bingham	30	
Boston Con.	20½	
Calumet & Hecla	750	
Copper Range	57½	
Daly-West	17½	
Dominion	39	
Greene Con.	31	
Isle Royale	35½	
Mass. Gas	90	
Nevada	17½	
North Butte	83½	
Old Dominion	29½	
Osceola	100	
Parrot	16	
Pullman	245	
Rhode Island	7	
Shannon	7	
Tamarack	104	
Trinity	27	
United States Steel	42½	
United States Steel pref.	106½	
United States Oil	12½	
U. S. Mining	54	
Utah	55	

ELOPERS! MUD! CARRIAGE STUCK BACK TO FATHER

German Army Officer and Rich Girl Try to Run Away—Fate Interferes.

ADOLPH BUSCH FORGIVES

Special to the Boston American.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 30.—A mud pool is responsible for the failure of the elopement of Miss Wilhelmina Busch, daughter of the multi-millionaire brewer, and Theodor Scharrer, lieutenant in the Kaiser's Reserves. The equipage in which they were hastening to Belleville to be married was mired in the puddle so long that when they reached the Illinois "Gretna Green" the courthouse was closed and they could get no license.

As a result of that disappointing trip the announcement was made to-day by Lieutenant Scharrer that his marriage to Miss Busch would take place in the Busch home on New Year's Day.

"Joke," Says Brewer.

Miss Busch, who is regarded as one of the best matches in the city, drove to Belleville with Scharrer in one of the Busch's equipages, which bore the insignia of the great brewery operated by the young woman's father. Arriving at Belleville the pair registered at the Belleville House as Mr. and Mrs. Scharrer of St. Louis. They asked for two rooms, but were informed that there was only one available, so they went for a walk. They visited the St. Clair County Courthouse, but it was closed.

Adolphus Busch said to-day that he knew of no engagement between his daughter and Scharrer. He said, however, that he had no objection to the match, and explained the trip by saying that it was "a German joke" of Scharrer's.

ENGINE JUMPS TRACK AT NORTH STATION

A heavy passenger locomotive on the Boston & Maine railroad, while on its way in the roundhouse, struck an open switch, jumped the track just outside the North station at an early hour to-day. Traffic over the Eastern and Western Divisions was delayed from fifteen to thirty minutes. The locomotive was badly damaged, but no one was hurt.

300 IDLE FROM PITTSBURG BLAZE

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 30.—Fire destroyed the paint shop of the Pressed Steel Car Co. here to-day. Three tanks of oil ignited, and streams of water had to be played on the adjoining structures to save them. Three hundred will be thrown out of employment. The loss is estimated from $30,000 to $40,000.

RUSSIANS SET UP REPUBLIC IN MOUNTAINS

Rebels Seize Great Arms Factory and Imprison Officers of Czar.

WORKINGMEN ARE ROUTED

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 30.—The revolt against the autocracy has now spread over all European Russia, from Finland to the Crimea, from the Baltic provinces to the Ural Mountains.

The people in the centre of the great Russian empire are the latest to rebel. A republic has been proclaimed in Ufa province, beside the Ural Mountains, which divide Europe from Asia.

There the workingmen have seized the great government arms factory at Zlatoust and made capital of the latter. An authoritative threatening to kill them if troops are sent to Zlatoust. They have set up a republic, organized a provisional government and formed a small army, which, under the red flag, parades daily, the musicians playing the "Marseillaise."

At Samara, near Nishni Novgorod, another large manufacturing town, 20,000 workmen rose and marched on Nishni Novgorod, but were met by troops with cannon and routed, with the loss of about 100. The rebels were driven back to Samara, where they threw up barricades, which the artillery have been shelling for two days, the rebels replying with bombs.

Naval Reserves Join Rebels.

When armed workingmen arose at Vetrenesh, South Russia, the mutinous army, ordered to crush them, refused to take part in the attack, and one of eleven of their leaders. Whereupon the rebels stopped three trainloads of reserve sailors, who promptly joined them, marched with them into Voronesh and helped to free the prisoners.

Armed bands of Socialists are parading the streets of Warsaw, trying to force all workingmen to strike. They compelled the newspapers and insurance offices to close to-day and sent gangs to smash the windows of shops. Only two trains left Warsaw station to-day.

Martial law has been proclaimed at Berlichoff, Southwest Russia, and at Irelneh, West Prussia, where a general strike was proclaimed to-day.

Foreigners Drilling Rebels.

The military and engineering skill displayed by the Moscow rebels is explained by the fact, established now, that German and other foreign officers have come from Russia to teach the rebels how to use firearms, construct barricades and blow bridges.

WHO GOT THIS FENWAY GRAFT?

WORK.	CONTRACTOR.	ACTUAL COST.	ESTIMATES.	WASTE.
Section 1.	Harry P. Nawn	$240,660.10	$131,000	$109,660.10
Section 2.	Metropolitan Contracting Company	38,608.65	36,000	2,608.65
Section 3.	John B. Graham	121,066.81	88,000	33,066.81
Section 4 and 5.	Sewer division	162,386.35	85,500	75,886.35
Section 6.	Metropolitan Contracting Company	99,991.73	95,000	4,991.73
Section 7.	Metropolitan Contracting Company	142,127.50	95,000	47,127.50
Gatehouse work.	John B. Graham	123,995.01	125,500	38,495.01
Otter and Back street sewers.	Sewer division	75,070.18	32,500	42,570.18
Dredging.	Simon J. Donovan	151,799.10	125,000	26,799.10
Cost of cement in excess of market price				26,000.00
Cost of crushed stone in excess of market price				24,130.56
Total Fenway Waste				**$431,394.99**

FRENCH REPORTS GRAFT IN FENWAY

Continued from First Page.

getting at the amount which the work done in the Fens ought reasonably to have cost. Mr. Engineer, who supervised the construction of the foul-flow conduits and the gatehouse, Mr. Engineer, Mr. Donovan and Harrison P. Eddy, of Worcester, acted upon the pledging work as they are in a highly specialized branch of engineering, Mr. Adams of Boston.

"It is to be noted, and given such significance in connection with this report as it should legitimately have, that the contracts for most of this work were let shortly before the municipal election of 1903, and that the superintendent of streets had been for several years and down to the time of his appointment, a member of the Democratic City Committee and was, in the Fall of 1903, prominently connected with and interested in the work of that committee.

Chose Poorest Contract.

"It became necessary for him to determine how these contracts should be let, and there was three ordinary methods from which he could choose. The usual and well known method of letting a contract after due, untrammelled competition and an award of the contract to the lowest responsible bidder; a contract let at a unit price mutually agreed upon, without competition; a contract let, without competition, to a contractor selected by him at a price which was theoretically the cost price of the labor and the materials furnished by the contractor, plus 15 per cent, on the cost of labor and six per cent. on the cost of materials to the contractor in lieu of profits; a contract let in the same manner as the foregoing except that instead of 15 per cent. and six per cent. it was provided that the contractor shall receive a fixed sum in lieu of profits.

"It is obvious, I think, that of these various methods the third was, under the existing circumstances, the most pernicious and the least likely to prove especially advantageous to the city, whose servant Mr. Donovan was. I am aware that in saying this—and I therefore say it with heartfelt and regret—I am criticising a method of contract that the late respected mayor of the city in many instances approved.

Superintendent Had Great Power.

"Whether designedly or not, and irrespective of what actually happened, the adoption of the 15 per cent. system, so called, gave the superintendent of streets an opportunity to select his own contractors and to recommend the employment of, and furnished the contractors an incentive to employ, certain persons in accordance and to put names of men upon the pay rolls who did not, in fact, perform any work at all.

"The contractors selected were Harry P. Nawn, the Metropolitan Contracting Company, John B. Graham and Simon J. Donovan. Mr. Nawn was formerly the treasurer of the Democratic City Committee. The president of the Metropolitan Contracting Company is Mr. Henry H. Carter, formerly superintendent of streets under Mayor Matthews from 1891 to 1894, and of the time that the contract with the company was awarded consulting engineer of the street department.

Mr. Graham is a brother-in-law of Joseph J. Corbett, until recently a subordinate commissioner, and formerly a member of the executive committee of the Democratic City Committee. Mr. Donovan is the father-in-law of John A. Sullivan, a member of Congress from the fourth district.

Assignment of Work.

"Section 1 of the work was assigned to Mr. Nawn; Sections 2, 6 and 7 to the Metropolitan Contracting Company; Section 3 to Mr. Graham, and the dredging contract was let to Mr. Donovan.

"Sections 4 and 5, were built by the sewer division of the street department, under the superintendency of John Kelly, foreman, and the Otter and Back street sewers by the sewer division, under the superintendency of John C. Carson, foreman.

"In addition to the work of the construction of the conduits proper, there were gate houses and gate house connections, contracts for the construction and furnishing of which were awarded to Mr. Graham.

"I am conscious that those who have been expecting a sensation will be disappointed by this report if it is made public. Nevertheless I have found a condition of things as regards the public and demand action on the part of those having authority to act in the premises."

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Amalgamated Copper	109⅞	1¼
American Car & Fdy	46	
American Ice	17½	
American Locomotive	43½	
American Sugar	133½	1½
American Woolen	29	
Anaconda	49⅝	
Baltimore & Ohio	103½	
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	71⅞	
Canadian Pacific	172⅝	1⅞
Colorado & Ohio	58	
Chicago, Great West.	23½	
Chicago, Mil. & St. P.	170	
Erie	38½	
Louisville & Nashville	120½	
Manhattan Elevated	154½	
Mexican Central	20⅝	
Missouri Pacific	97½	
N. Y. Central	137⅝	
New York Central	137⅝	
Norfolk & Western	65	
Northern Pacific	207⅛	
Pennsylvania	134⅝	
Reading	156½	
Rock Island	28⅞	
Southern Pacific	66⅝	62⅜
Southern Railway	36½	33⅞
Union Pacific	104⅞	98⅝
United States Steel	43½	42⅜
United States Steel pfd	106½	104⅝

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Stuart's DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

cure all kinds of dyspepsia, loss of appetite, gas in the stomach or bowels, palpitation of the heart and every form of stomach trouble. For sale by all druggists at 50 cents a package.

DIAMOND SHOAL BEACON AT LAST

After a fight of ten years the building of a lighthouse on the dreaded Diamond Shoals off Cape Hatteras, N. C., has been assured. Secretary Metcalf has placed his signature to the plans and specifications prepared by Lieutenant Darling and Edwin S. Shaw of this city, mainly guided by the skill of Capt. Alfred E. Ellis of Eells and his associates.

Captain Ellis has been unmitigable in his efforts to have a light for the shoals ever since his wife and two children were lost with 200 others, ten years ago. The act specifies that the Boston engineers shall erect the light station at their own cost, maintain the structure and operate the light in accordance with the regulations of the lighthouse board for one year, after which their own cost, after which it shall be placed under the control of the lighthouse board, who shall operate it for many years more at the cost of the United States. Congress has appropriated the money authorized to demand from the United States the sum of $750,000, provided the structure be built substantial and satisfactory condition.

Annual Clearance Sale

"NO MONEY DOWN"

SWEEPING reductions in every department is our magnificent offer to all who desire to test our easy payment plan—Every article offered is a good, stylish and at present prices a bargain.

Men's Suits

$12.50 Suits now....$7.50
$15.00 Suits now....$9.50
$18.50 Suits now....$12.50
$25.00 Suits now....$15.50 and $18.50

Men's Overcoats

Formerly marked $15.00, now.....$10.00
Formerly marked $20.00, now.....$15.50

BOYS' CLOTHING

Boys' Overcoats, formerly $5.00, $7.00 and $8.00, now....$4.98
Others were $4.00 and $5.00, now....$3.49
Boys' Three-Piece Suits, in broken sizes, were $5.00 and $6.00, now....$1.48
Norfolk Jacket Suits, for boys 3 and 4 years of age, were $4.00 and $5.00, now....$1.48

OPEN EVENINGS

BOYLE BROS

SOUTH END GREEN STORE
853 Washington Street

2,000 MEN, 11 STEAM SHOVELS DIG AT CULEBRA

Main Effort on Canal Is at Famous Cut, Says Commission's Annual Report.

4,000 ON SANITARY WORK

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29. The annual report of the Isthmian Canal Commission has been submitted to Secretary of War Taft. As the present commission did not assume office until April 1 of this year, its report only covers a period of about nine months, and yet it is complete and comprehensive as showing the amount of work done and the conditions existing in the canal zone. After setting forth the authority under which the commission exists, the report says:

The members of the commission decided, during their first trip to the isthmus, that it would be useless to hope for large and satisfactory results in canal work either in quantity of excavation or in cost, until thorough preparation had been accomplished in several directions. The Isthmus must be made healthy by thorough sanitation, proper quarters and food must be provided for employes, and adequate terminal facilities must be constructed for the prompt and economic handling of supplies and material. It was decided, therefore, to stop at once excavation on a large scale until the preparatory work was done. The commission realized that this was a radical change of policy, but believed that it would be approved when a full statement should be made of existing conditions and of the difficulties to overcome before canal construction could be undertaken in accordance with a comprehensive and systematic plan.

Thorough Sanitation.

"In order to make the Isthmus a place fit to live in and to work in the first essential was for thorough sanitation. The organization of the hospital and sanitary corps and the work upon which it is engaged, including the installation of sewerage and water systems and the paving of the streets of Panama and Colon, are completely and fully treated by Governor Magoon in the report mentioned above.

"Four thousand one hundred men are now employed in the sanitary undertaking, and so effective has been this work that yellow fever has been virtually extirpated from the Isthmus, as the statistics will show.

"Other essentials of scarcely less importance than the thorough sanitation of the Isthmus were the providing of suitable habitations for all classes of employes and the establishing of a system of food supply which would afford all employes opportunity of obtaining wholesome food at reasonable cost.

"Two new hotels, three stories high and containing from fifty-five to sixty rooms each, have been completed, and authority has been granted for eight others, a portion of which are under construction at the present time. Work is in progress also on cottages for married employes, on bachelor quarters, and for shops and storehouses. In this work of construction 2,400 men are employed, and additional carpenters and other building trade workers are being sent out with every steamer. This work is being pressed forward with the utmost vigor.

Over a Million Expended.

"The total amount expended has been $1,039,451.88, of which $286,487.38 was for the period prior to April 3, 1905, and $752,964.50 for the period subsequent to April 3, 1905.

"The present wage varies from 80 cents to $1.04 per day in gold. As compared with the best common labor in the United States, its efficiency is rated at from 25 to 33 per cent. Over 80 per cent of the employes of the canal are now and will continue to be alien laborers. A majority of the other 20 per cent employed will be in a clerical, a supervising or some other capacity to which the various laborers of the United States are not applicable. It is to this kind of labor we are compelled to apply the eight-hour law—that is, to aliens who know nothing of the law's existence until they arrive on the Isthmus. Such application will increase the labor cost of canal construction at least 25 per cent, and will add many millions unnecessarily to the total expenditure.

Eleven Steam Shovels Busy.

"While this preparatory work has been in progress very little has been done in the way of actual excavation. Eleven steam shovels have been at different times in operation, however, in the Culebra cut, which is the largest single factor in the construction of the canal, and approximately 1,000,000 cubic yards of material have been removed. By this work much has been accomplished. First, the levels of the cut are being put in proper condition for the installation of the largest number of machines which can be effectively operated, and second, data is being gathered which will be useful in the final estimates of the cost of canal construction.

"In the Culebra work 2,000 men are now employed. Railway tracks and yards have been built, and dredging has been done at both ends of the canal so far as advisable until the question of type of canal is decided. It should be understood that all the work done is applicable to any type of canal.

"At the Colon end of the canal surveys were made with a view to the construction of an outer harbor, a direct entrance to the canal, an inner harbor, and the completion of the Gatun diversion.

LEGISLATURE FOR IRELAND

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the premier, in an address at Dunfermline, Scotland, said, in answer to a question, that he favored giving a separate independent legislature for Ireland, but intimated that the country could have a legislature subordinate to the imperial Parliament.

Former Premier Balfour, at Queen's Hall, London, said that the whole attack of the Unionists throughout the present campaign would be centred on the assumed intention of the Liberal party to give Ireland control of its own affairs through an executive responsible directly to an Irish elective body.

This, Mr. Balfour believed, would inevitably lead to separation, which he admitted would be preferable to the continued parliamentary turmoil consequent on half-way measures.

OSSIFIED MAN IN BED 41 YEARS, DEAD

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Dec. 30.—Bedfast forty-one years, Edward L. Boyer, Allentown's famous ossified man, died at the age of sixty-one years.

When nineteen he was afflicted with rheumatism, which in a year hardened his joints and made his body as rigid as iron, besides rendering him blind.

His parents left him wealthy. He had a marvellous memory and was a mathematical prodigy.

Russia's "Advance Guard," Though Dead, Still Fights On

(From idea suggested by poem of the late John Hay printed below.)

The Advance Guard.

By John Hay.

IN the dream of the Northern poets,
The bravest, who in battle die,
Fight on in shadowy phalanx
In the field of the upper sky;
And as we read the sounding rhyme,
The reverent hours stand still,
The ghostly ring of the ruckless swords
And the clash of the spectral spears

The Northern myth comes back to us,
And we feel through our narrow sight,
That those young souls are striving still
Somewhere for the truth and light.

A chosen corps, they are marching on
In a wider field than ours;
Those bright battalions still fulfil
The scheme of the heavenly powers,
And high brave thoughts float down to us
The echoes of that far fight,
Like the flash of a distant picket's gun
Through the shades of the severing night.

No fear for them! In our lower field
Let us keep our arms unstained,
That at last we be worthy to stand with them
On the shining heights they've gained.
We shall meet and greet in closing ranks
In Thor's dwelling sun,
When the bugles of God shall sound recall
And the battle of life be won.

BURLINGTON ROAD INDICTED FOR REBATING

Federal Grand Jury Finds 26 Counts Against Big Railroad.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30. The Federal Grand Jury has returned an indictment against the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad; Darius Miller, first vice-president, and Claude C. Burnham, a foreign freight agent, on the charge of granting rebates.

The story is told in twenty-six counts, covering more than 100 typewritten pages, each count setting up one specific offence.

The indictment charges that the rebates were all granted to the United States Steel Products Export Company of New York, a subsidiary company to the U. S. Steel Corporation.

All of the shipments were to Vancouver, B. C. The alleged violations come under the Elkins act. For each of the twenty-six offences alleged the Elkins act provides for a penalty of from $1,000 to $20,000, no imprisonment clause being provided.

The indictment alleges that the freight was then paid according to the tariff, but that afterward a rebate of about 30 per cent was paid back to the shipper.

All the other roads over which the goods passed between New York and Vancouver may be drawn into the case. The Burlington is the only road, it is declared, which now runs through the district in which it was indicted.

FORTUNE LEFT TO PETS BY ACTRESS

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—To her pets, a supernumerated lapdog, a green parrot, and a cage of small love birds, Cecilia A. Worney, better known as Lillian Western, of the vaudeville stage, left securities and properties worth $15,000 for their use and benefit as long as they live.

NEW TURKISH BATHS OPENED

The new Tremont Turkish baths, of which Alfred Bird is the proprietor, have been opened. The interior is lavishly fitted up in Italian marble, and there is a striking commingling of the appointments. Everything from reception room to the largest pool in Boston is on one floor, so there are no stairs to be climbed by the tired bather.

Oriental luxuries are to be found in the drying and cooling rooms, for it is here that the bather may lie at his ease while he smokes and partakes of the light lunch or drink from the cafe. Then, if the spirit moves him, he can take an alcohol bath, and then, when he is perfectly rested, he may go to the spring refreshing for face and body. These baths are among the handsomest in the East, and were formally opened with a reception by the proprietor.

CLEVELAND AIDS ALBERT T. PATRICK

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Grover Cleveland's name heads the list of signers of the petition which is to be presented to Governor Higgins asking for clemency in the case of Albert T. Patrick, the lawyer under sentence of death for murdering his patron William Marsh Rice, the aged millionaire. The petition was drafted by Dr. Allen McLane Hamilton, the alienist. Many prominent people have signed the petition.

MILLIONS FOR NEW ENGLAND COME IN WITH THE NEW YEAR

Rise in Stocks and Dividends to Be Distributed Swell Many Bank Accounts.

What with the regular New Year's dividends and interest payments, the phenomenal rise of copper securities and the excellent condition of practically the entire list of stocks, the year 1906 will open most auspiciously for New England. It is estimated that the disbursements of dividend and interest payments to New England people will be in excess of $25,500,000, while the amount of money made in the copper market is beyond the possibility of statistics. The disbursements will fall short of the figures of a year ago by about $5,000,000, because of the fact that a year ago the amount was increased by heavy capital payments.

The city of Boston has principal maturing at this time to the amount of $100,000, and over $870,000 in interest. The State of Massachusetts interest payments are very heavy, nearly $900,000, and the American Telephone and Telegraph Company disburses nearly $3,000,000. Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stock Yards will pay two per cent. quarterly on the common and one and one-half per cent. quarterly on the preferred stock.

Comes Back to Boston.

A very considerable number of dividends are made payable in New York at various dates during the month, including both General Electric and Mercantaile Utilities type, but of these payments a very large amount of the money will come back to Boston.

The following table, prepared by Frank A. Goggin, the statistician, shows in detail the local January dividend and interest payments:

Railroad bonds	$4,712,075
City, State and United States bonds	4,801,000
Railroad stocks	3,110,000
Railroad dividends	1,116,824
Manufacturing dividends	1,600,000
Miscellaneous companies	10,747,000
Total	$28,834,824

As a result of the remarkable rise in copper, which has been going on steadily for three months or more, and which has recently developed into a boom, the aggregate value of the shares has increased in excess of $200,000,000. Boston and New England people will get at least sixty per cent. of this, or considerably above $125,000,000.

Latest Copper Jumps.

This latest copper share movement, which started early in September, is the second one during the current year. The earlier one, however, did not bring the remarkable buoyancy that has attended the present movement, and there were no such phenomenal gains scored as have been recorded within the past few weeks.

The "boom" gained its real impetus when North Butte—a rich Montana property—started on up upswing a month or six weeks ago, which carried its price up steadily from 54¾ to 93.

Quickly following this uplift, United Copper swung into line and went from 31 to 68¾. Then amalgamated began to go up. But beyond anything that has been accomplished in this whole movement has been the phenomenal advance for Arizona from 10⅞ to 29⅞—or on the basis of the Boston quotation, from 25⅞ to 73⅝.

New England's New Year Gift

From rise in stocks	$125,000,000
From dividends	$28,534,924

Query.

How much of this does Lawson get?

DIVORCE DEMAND ENDS HERRESHOFF ROMANCE

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 29.—Mrs. Katherine K. H. Tubbs, daughter of John B. Herreshoff, president of the Herreshoff Manufacturing Company of Bristol, has petitioned for an absolute divorce from her husband, Walter J. Tubbs, and the papers in the case have been served on Mr. Tubbs by Sheriff Philo V. Cady of Bristol. The petition is returnable to the Superior Court in this city the third Monday in February, 1906.

It is set forth in the petition that Walter J. Tubbs neglected to provide for Mrs. Tubbs, and hence the action for an absolute divorce. The attorneys for the petitioner, Mrs. Tubbs, are City Solicitor Francis Colwell of this city and William T. O'Donnell of Bristol.

Married Poor Man.

The marriage four years ago caused quite a sensation in this State and in adjoining States on account of the only daughter of the wealthy John B. Herreshoff marrying a poor young man struggling for a livelihood photographing yachts and other marine subjects. It was understood at the time that the marriage was anything but pleasing to the family of the bride and for a period there was an existing estrangement, which time partly bridged over. The marriage was a subject of special notice in a number of leading papers in New York and the East.

Was Her Teacher.

Mrs. Tubbs is the mother of two children, both girls, by a former husband. They are not small children, and it is understood that Mr. Tubbs has been very much attached to them. Mr. Tubbs is several years younger than Mrs. Tubbs.

Mrs. Tubbs is the only child of John B. Herreshoff by his first wife. Her first husband was the late Lewis H. De Wolf, and she married Mr. Tubbs some four years ago. The then Mrs. De Wolf having taken up the study and practice of photography, she became a pupil of Mr. Tubbs, resulting in marriage later.

Walter J. Tubbs has not done much in photography for a long time, but is at present engaged with a partner lighting device. The couple have lived on Burton street, Bristol, since their marriage.

MAIL WHOLE DAY QUICKER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—A whole business day will be gained on the new transcontinental mail schedule which goes into effect to-morrow.

CRAZY STEER CAUSED PANIC

Steers will steers out of a herd of 1,200 at once, bound for Europe, broke loose in one of the Leyland line sheds and gave three customs inspectors, twenty-five or more longshoremen and a large number of freight handlers and teamsters working along the Marginal street water front of East Boston, the scare of their lives.

All were soon rounded up but one, which made its escape by jumping through the open door of one of the sheds. After creating a panic on Marginal street it finally ran into a fish yard, the door of which was closed behind it, and it was once more a prisoner.

Incidentally, the steamer Bohemian waited forty-five minutes for the wild majesty, but sailed without him after all.

NORDICA PUTS OUT STAGE FIRE

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Mme. Lillian Nordica was given an ovation by a big audience at the Metropolitan Opera House when she coolly stamped out a blaze on the stage near the footlights, caused by a chorus woman in "Gotterdammerung."

Mme. Nordica was singing at the time and her attention was first attracted to the fire by the sudden movement of persons in the orchestra chairs. Quickly comprehending the situation the singer stamped out the last spark of the fire.

The problem of Russia is the problem of every country: its masses — "the hungriest, most ignorant, most degraded, of all the human millions who belong body and soul, by the grace of God to Nicholas the Second."

"Russian Peasant Riots" in Everybody's for January gives details of these "new-realized horrors, and tells what may be expected of a people who "have repudiated their country and their God."

Everybody's Magazine 15 cents
$1.50 a year

Special representatives wanted for Everybody's Magazine in towns where there are no dealers.

FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL.

WHY
ANACONDA
is rising
is told in the
Boston News Bureau
as nowhere else

If you believe the fictions of "Frenzied Finance" you don't want the Boston News Bureau. If you have been familiar with its news presentations on

AMALGAMATED
and on
U. S. STEEL

from their beginnings you must know the Boston News Bureau has a record on which it can stand.

Start 1906 as a regular subscriber and investment reader and it will keep you posted on

COPPER AND SOIL

and you may learn what is under Anaconda that may make it the feature of the copper world in 1906.

No business man or investor should be without the Boston News Bureau, which for eighteen years has printed matter invaluable to financial interests that can be had in no other publication. It aims to be a complete, condensed financial daily record for busy men of affairs.

Price, $12 per annum, $1 per month.

C. W. BARRON, Publisher
Exchange Place, Boston

FEUD OF YERKES AND WIFE CONTINUED TO DEATH HOUR

MILLIONAIRE HAD PLANNED TO GET DIVORCE

Mrs. Yerkes Virtually a Prisoner in Fifth Avenue Mansion for Weeks.

WAS NOT AT DEATH BED

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Facts which came to the knowledge of the BOSTON AMERICAN'S correspondent to-day make certain that the estrangement between Charles T. Yerkes, the multi-millionaire tunnel magnate whose body lies in the Yerkes's mansion at Fifth avenue and Sixty-eighth street, and Mrs. Yerkes, was not only bitter to the point of hate, but that it involved both scandal and imperiling divorce.

So deep-seated was the feeling of Mrs. Yerkes against her husband that even when notified that he was dying at the Waldorf Astoria yesterday she would not bring herself to see him before he died in spite of the first urgent announcement that in response to a telephone message Mrs. Yerkes came down to the Waldorf and saw her husband just before he breathed his last, it was learned to-day that Mrs. Yerkes merely sat in an anteroom and never in the Yerkes suit, awaiting the end.

It is now known that Mr. Yerkes came to New York from London last Fall for the express purpose of securing a divorce from his wife and forcing her to leave the handsome mansion on Fifth avenue. She was virtually a prisoner in the house ever since Mr. Yerkes returned to New York up to two weeks ago, and even since then she has left the house only three times.

Threatened to Freeze Her Out.

Shortly after Mr. Yerkes arrived from Europe he sent his lawyer, Samuel Untermeyer, to see Mrs. Yerkes in the Fifth avenue residence. Mr. Untermeyer told Mrs. Yerkes that she would have to get out of the house and that if she did not Mr. Yerkes would have the gas, heat and electricity shut off and freeze her out. He threatened to make it as uncomfortable for her as he could.

Mr. Yerkes told his attorney and several of his friends that he would seek every possible means that the law afforded to secure a divorce from Mrs. Yerkes, and then force her out of the house. But she, even on hearing this, steadfastly refused to leave the mansion. Mr. Yerkes was unsuccessful in his efforts to have the heat and light turned off and Mrs. Yerkes continued to live there, but never venturing out, thinking that Mr. Yerkes would install either people there, excluding her by force.

Was Not at the Death Bed.

Mrs. Yerkes never left the house all the time that Mr. Yerkes was in the early stages of his illness at the Waldorf Astoria, having one of the maids get whatever she needed from the shops and the other servants attended to the needs of the household. One day when it was announced that Mr. Yerkes's illness assumed a dangerous aspect, she left the house, but only for a few hours.

The second time Mrs. Yerkes left the Fifth avenue house she went to the Waldorf, but only made some inquiries of the clerk at the desk. She did not send upstairs to the Yerkes suit. The third time she left the Fifth avenue house was the day when she was telephoned to that her husband was dying. Even then she did not enter the Yerkes rooms, but waited in one of the anterooms until the physician had said that Yerkes was dead.

Fortune Goes to Charity.

Mrs. Yerkes has spent fortunes in trying to break into society. When her husband first assumed as important position in the financial world she tried to enter the exclusive circles of Chicago and New York society, but was not recognized. Then she went to London, where her husband was scoring business successes. By spending millions she succeeded in gaining recognition, and has been one of the favored at the Court of St. James for several years.

Because of the strained relations of the cousin Mr. Yerkes so arranged his affairs that his wife will secure only that part of his fortune which the law puts within her reach. The $4,000,000 mansion will become public property as an art museum, and the entire fortune of $15,000,000 will be devoted to charities, and even she did not enter the Yerkes rooms, but waited in one of the anterooms until the physician had said that Yerkes was dead.

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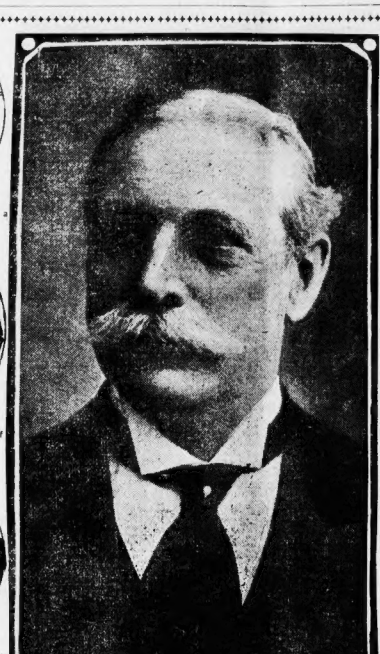
Working for $10 a Week as Clerk in a Grain Store.

Sentenced to Jail on Account of Failure.

Made Millions as a Street Railway Promoter.

Increased His Fortune by Speculation.

Moved, With His Wife, in Exclusive Social Circles.



FROM $10 A WEEK TO MILLIONAIRE.

In thirteen years the late financier and railroad magnate rose from clerk in a grocery store to foremost position in rank of railway projectors and builders.

goal of her ambition—she received admission to the royal set.

Wife Helped Husband.

In Philadelphia Mrs. Yerkes helped her husband in his success. When he went to Chicago and made his first million he tried to repay her. He used his best endeavors to gain her admission to the social set of that city, but was unsuccessful.

Then he went to New York. He built her a $1,000,000 home and spent fabulous sums for dinners and teas, but these made no impression on Gotham society. Mrs. Yerkes was not disspayed. Neither was her husband. He had overcome almost insurmountable difficulties before. So when he went to London, she went with him.

Slowly, step by step, she fought her way until she won. With her husband she patronized art; she dabbled in charity; she made the most magnificent gowns; she got into a famous controversy with the Infanta Eulalie of Spain over a gown, then she was received.

In the meantime she received the most cordial support of the man who, as much because of her success because of his own in England, decided that residence in that country, all things considered, was better for him in America. And yet he had one of the most magnificent and costly houses in New York.

Throughout his life Mr. Yerkes was guided by certain home-made maxims which he called his "Ten Commandments." Some of these were:

His "Ten Commandments."

"The worst fooled man is the man who fools himself."

"Have one object in life. Follow it persistently and determinedly. If you divide your energies, you will not succeed."

"Do not look for what you do not wish to find."

"Have no regrets. Look to the future. The past is gone and cannot be brought back."

"A better name for good luck is a favorable combination of circumstances."

The Yerkes mansion at the corner of Fifth avenue and Sixty-eighth street in London is one of the most palatial in that city of beautiful mansions. Including the art collection which it contains, it is worth $4,000,000. World famous paintings are hung in the wonderful gallery, while equally famous are some of the rugs and pieces of tapestry to be found therein. Yet because of the capture of London by Mr. and Mrs. Yerkes, the former preferred England to America. But he came to his native land to die.

Surrounded by his wife, son and daughter, the multi-millionaire breathed his last in the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, not very far from his four-million-dollar home.

Hot Stuff for Cramps, Colds, Chills. Is Sanford's Ginger, purest and best of warming stomachics. All genuine pkgs. Get the genuine.

Headaches and Neuralgia from Colds. Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

MAN PUMPS TO KEEP STEAMER FROM SINKING

Passengers on Penobscot Don Life Preservers When Ship Hits Schooner.

Tugs are at work pumping water out of the steamer Penobscot of the Eastern Steamship Company line, which collided with the fishing schooner Shepherd King, as he former was making her way out of the harbor to Bangor. The steamer is in sinking condition, as water is constantly being forced into her hold through the bow, with was badly stayed in.

Both Captain Crick of the Penobscot and Captain Brigham of the Shepherd King say the other was to blame for the collision. The fishing schooner is now at the Wharf unloading her cargo of fish. The steamer is at the wharf of the Eastern Steamship Company at Foster's Wharf.

When the collision occurred there were one hundred and fifty passengers on board. Many donned life preservers and are ready to leap into the harbor if the steamer should show signs of going down. Captain Curtis and his crew did their best to quiet the frightened passengers until the Penobscot could be taken back to her slip.

If the fishing schooner had remained in her course and not tried to cross our bow she would have been no collision," said Captain Curtis of the steamer to a HOSTON AMERICAN reporter. "We left our slip at 6:09 o'clock," he continued, "and proceeded in position opposite the New England docks at 6:15 o'clock. We saw the fishing schooner ahead of us and noticed her red lights. She was coming into port. As we neared her, she turned and tried to cross our bow, and we struck her a glancing blow on the starboard side. I do not know how badly damaged the schooner is. Our vessel's bow was damaged and our flying stock. I got the pumps working right away, but will not be rested our slip at 6:09 o'clock."

Captain Brigham of the Shepherd King insinuates that he kept his course and could not have been struck by the steamer Penobscot. Vessel's officers had used necessary precaution.

"My schooner is not badly damaged," said Captain Brigham. "We were struck on the starboard side and sustained only a crack in the railing. We were struck sideships, and certainly that shows that we were not to blame. We did not run into the steamer. It was a close shave, and how my vessel was not smashed to kindling wood is beyond me to explain."

The collision occurred in sight of the offices of the steamship company. It was but over 300 yards from Foster's wharf. As soon as the crash came it was seen and discovered that the vessel was in a sinking condition Captain Curtis ordered the men to be ready to leave their quarters in case of fears of the passengers. Men were ordered to move the cargo to the starn of the vessel so that the damaged bow might be lifted out of water as much as possible.

The steamer's whistles were blown continually. Captain Curtis endeavored to get a tug to assist him back to the wharf but none could be found.

The vessel made slow progress back to the wharf owing to the dense fog which overhung the harbor. When the dock was reached a hurry call was sent along the shore for longshoremen, who hustled the cargo ashore but this did not stop the inflowing water. The tug William H. Clark was summoned and has been working for hours to keep the vessel above water.

The bow of the steamer was smashed about fifteen feet in length. Chains have been placed about the bow to keep it together.

The boat was built about twenty years ago and was without the most number of braces below the water line that is used in steamboat construction to-day.

"KING OF PIE ALLEY" BEGINS WEDDED LIFE

Showered With Gifts from Newsboy Friends and Followers at Marriage Ceremony.

UNION'S VALUABLE GIFT

The "King of Pie Alley" is no longer a bachelor.

Surrounded by a great gathering of newsboys and other friends, Wilfred E. Jacobs, known as the "Harbor Newsboy," and the recognized leader of Boston newsboys, and pretty nineteen-year-old Ida Shapiro were married in Roberts Hall, Leverett street, West End, according to the orthodox Jewish rites, by Rabbi Isaac Barita of Wall street synagogue.

The ceremony lasted the time of their lives. After the ceremony was performed they had all kinds of good things to eat. When the banquet was over there was dancing.

Every member of the Boston Newsboys' Union was invited to the wedding. The boys gave their "King" a strenuous serenade at the hall. They cheered him and his bride again and again.

Married Under Canopy.

The ceremony itself was a solemn one. The couple were married under a large red canopy, studded with various colored lights. Relatives stood about with small lighted candles in their hands. The bride was given away by her uncle and aunt.

At the conclusion of the services the bride was hugged by all her women friends, and the groom was hugged by the men.

The bride wore a beautiful white silk gown with a veil. She carried a large bouquet of white roses. The maid of honor, Miss Etta Brill, looked charming in a dark red velvet Princess gown trimmed with fresh point lace.

The bridesmaids were Miss Minnie Tenenbaum, cousin of the bride, who was gowned in white silk; Miss Marion Sugarman, cousin of the groom, who wore blue silk, and Miss Mamie Brill, cousin of the bride, who was attired in a dark red velvet Princess gown. The five flower girls, all daintily gowned in white, were Beatrice Diamond, Sadie and Etta Jacobs, Annie Brill and Minnie Tenenbaum.

Follows the Warships.

The best man was Rufus Jacobs, brother of the groom.

One of the features which followed the ceremony was the presentation of an imported leather couch from the Newsboys' Union. Many of the boys made individual presents.

The groom has been a "newsie" since he was seven years old, beginning his newspaper selling just fifteen years ago. In point of service, he is probably the oldest newsboy in Boston. He follows the warships when they cruise in New England waters, and makes daily visits in all kinds of weather to the vessels and barges in Boston harbor. He went to New York when the English squadron was there this Summer, and cleared a large sum of money. In three months alone while following the North Atlantic squadron his profits were nearly $1,500.

Jacobs intends to open a newsstand on Atlantic avenue next Summer. The "king" has fitted out a flat at No. 9 Ashland street.

TITLE FOR SALE, MARQUIS NEEDS $40,000 IN CASH

Room Rent Due, Meal Ticket Expired, and He'll Furnish Written Guarantee.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Forty thousand dollars can purchase the title said to be that of the Marquis of Gardoli, the family coat of arms and a written guarantee from the Italian government, though the owner says "our ancestors were all rascals."

The figures may be shaved a bit, as the Marquis, according to his own admission, is in dire need of cash. If a buyer is not forthcoming in the very near future the title may be auctioned to the highest bidder. The Marquis says that his room rent is due, his meal ticket expired, and that unless he can sell his collection of coins, he will be forced to do laborious work that might be distasteful to one owning a patent of nobility.

The Marquis is lodging with a family of the name of Fabbricatore, the head of which is a professor of languages. The Marquis showed his collection of 826 old coins some of the which, he explained, are 452 years before Christ.

"What steps are you going to take to find a buyer of your title?" asked a reporter.

"Well, I am satisfied that there are plenty of Americans who would quickly pay the price I ask," replied the Marquis. "I had thought of calling upon Colonel Mann, editor of Town Topics, and asking him to allow me to glance over the list of subscribers to Town and Fancies. That is really the only way I have thought of except by advertising in the newspapers.

"The noble papers will be here about January 25th," explained the Marquis. "I have arranged that, and when the sale is made I will see to it that the Italian government gives a guarantee as to the authenticity of the title.

"If I sell my title I am going to get into society and try to marry some rich American girl.

The Marquis arrived in America on the Cedric December 5.

BUFFALO FLYER IN LANDSLIDE WRECK

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Dec. 30.—The Buffalo Flyer on the Pennsylvania, eastwest bound, struck a landslide forty miles west of here early to-day. The engine was derailed and two baggage and express cars rolled down the bank into the Susquehanna River. Fireman Edlerhart was seriously and Engineer James Bard slightly hurt.

WHITNEY GETS BACK HIS $20,000 NOTES

LEOMINSTER, Dec. 30.—Four demand notes for $5,000 each lost or stolen from F. E. Whitney, president of the Wachusett Shirt company have been returned to him through the mails without explanation. Mr. Whitney lost the notes about three months ago, when a search for them by local detectives engaged in the search without result.

For this reason, mainly, when the crash came with the stout little two-masted fishing schooner, the bows of the Penobscot, below the water line, and the few braces inside, were twisted badly, and it will necessitate much work to put her once more in condition.

It was estimated at the Harbor Police Station, and by experienced seamen who knew the build of the boat and had examined her that repairs would probably amount to $10,000.

REID WON'T WED CHORUS GIRL

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Theatrical circles were stirred by a report that Daniel G. Reid, organizer of the tin-plate trust, director in some of the greatest corporations in the country and said to be worth $40,000,000, was engaged to marry Miss Mabel Carrier, a pretty girl, who was a member of "The Chinese Honeymoon" company.

Mr. Reid denies the story. "I am not engaged to marry Miss Carrier or any other woman," he says. "I met her once or twice and of course spoke to her, but as to marrying her, the question has not even been discussed."

JAIL 'MASHER' FOR 45 DAYS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The local police are making a crusade against "mashers" and "courtesans of Columbia." Several arrests have been made lately, the culprits usually being let off with a fine.

One of these "mashers" was fined of the $15 demanded by Police Judge Mullowny, was sent to jail for forty-five days. The fellow had accosted Mrs. Bessie Keogh in front of the Post Office Department. She stopped the first policeman she met and had the "masher" arrested. He professed to be a stranger in the city, and said he was ignorant of the police regulations, but that didn't save him.

Lloyd's Kryptok Bifocal Lenses

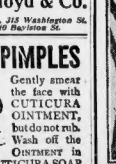
"Far" and "Near" Lenses combined in a single pair. They are wholly free from the untidy and unattractive lines associated with the rougher sorts of bifocals; they make fine lenses for longnettes, as they will in nowise mar the elegance of the instrument.

A descriptive pamphlet sent on application.

Andrew J. Lloyd & Co.

2 Stores | Down Town, 315 Washington St. Back Bay, 370 Boylston St.

CURE FOR PIMPLES



Gently smear the face with CUTICURA OINTMENT, but do not rub. Wash off the OINTMENT in five minutes with CUTICURA SOAP and hot water, and bathe freely for some minutes. Repeat morning and evening. Use CUTICURA SOAP alone, at other times, as often as agreeable.

MRS. FITZ KNEW MILLER BEFORE

FRANKLIN, Pa., Dec. 30.—"Bob" Fitzsimmons is not the only husband whom Julia May Gifford has had, nor the only husband who has complained bitterly of the attentions of Major Charles S. Miller, of this place. The announcement made by Miller some days ago that he had known Fitzsimmons' wife for eight years before the pugilist did has caused comment here. Research and the findings justify the belief that Miller spoke truly.

Five years ago, Julia May Gifford, at present Mrs. Fitzsimmons, and who is in Sioux Falls, S. D., seeking divorce, the husband accusing Major Miller of having had a hand in his family troubles, was Mrs. Clement Gorby, wife of a tenor singer.

The couple came to Franklin, and it is said that Gorby threatened to act against Miller. Gorby is dead, but his brother has just brought forward a bundle of old letters, which he says Miller wrote, and which he offers to turn over to Fitzsimmons if the fighter wants them.

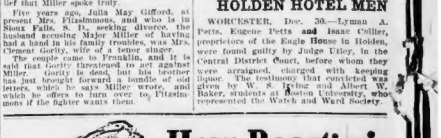
PLAN FOR NEW U. S. CARDINAL

ROME, Dec. 30.—It is given out that the Pope admits the justice of America's claim to another Cardinal, but hesitates to make a choice, fearing the antagonism that might result among the great dioceses against the one preferred. Hence he has decided that the future Cardinal shall have a titular see and shall reside in Rome.

B. U. STUDENTS JAIL HOLDEN HOTEL MEN

WORCESTER, Dec. 30.—Lyman A. Potts, Eugene Potts and Isaac Collier, proprietors of the Eagle House in Holden, were found guilty by Judge Utley, in the Central District Court, before whom they were arraigned, charged with keeping liquor. The testimony that convicted was given by W. S. Irving and Albert W. Baker, students at Boston University, who represented the Watch and Ward Society.

How Roasting Develops Flavor



THERE'S a distinctness about Seal Brand Coffee—an aromatic fragrance that gently yet powerfully appeals to the appetite—that puts one on the keen edge of pleasurable expectation.

That expectation is more than fulfilled by the actual delight of the rich, creamy, delicious flavor in Seal Brand Coffee.

That distinctness in flavor is due partly to the excellence of the select coffee beans used and partly to the process of roasting.

For coffee roasting is like bread making.

You can make or spoil good coffee in the roasting—just as you can make or spoil good flour in the baking.

We have experts who can tell by the color of the bean—the odor—and a hundred and one different signs which the ordinary person would neither note nor understand when

Seal Brand Coffee

is roasted just right—when the exact soft, mellow, rich flavor is fully developed. That's why you never get rank, weedy, raw taste in Seal Brand Coffee as you do with coffees that are not sufficiently roasted.

That's why Seal Brand Coffee is never bitter or harsh tasting as some coffees are which have been roasted too long—have been scorched or burnt.

Ask your grocer for a pound of Seal Brand Coffee if you haven't already tried it — price 35c the pound.

We have several other brands of coffees that are as carefully selected, cured and put up as Seal Brand Coffee. Their retail prices are 25c, 30c and 35c the pound. Seal Brand Coffee retails at 35c the pound. At all reputable grocers.

Want to Exchange Your Coat for Something

Advertise in the Barter & Exchange Column

ONE CENT A WORD

ALDERMANIC CHAIRMANSHIP FIGHT WARMS UP

Here are the thirteen members of the incoming Board of Aermen. In the background see the chair.

Six Republican Members Hope to Unite on Candidate and Defeat Whelton and Cauley, Selections of Rival Democratic Camp.

Who will be the chairman of the next Board of Aldermen?

Will he be a Democrat or a Republican.

These are the questions that are causing more arguments in political circles than any others. The six Republican members-elect of the Board have been summoned to a conference in Young's Hotel this afternoon. Alderman-elect William Berwin issued the call. It is not believed that anything definite will be done as Mr. Berwin has called a conference, not a caucus, and those who attend will not be bound to anything.

Alderman Bromberg, the only out-and-out candidate for chairman among the Republicans, has been away, but is expected home in time to attend the conference. The statement that Francis H. Gross would be the candidate of the Good Government Association has been denied by the Association, and it is said that two, if not more, of the Republicans may favor the candidacy of Daniel A. Whelton.

No caucus of the Democrats has been called as yet, and it is doubtful if any will be held. None of the Democratic aldermen-elect admit having heard of any move in that direction.

Whelton and Cauley as Rivals.

Alderman Cauley of Charlestown is said to be the candidate of the new administration for the chairmanship. He says he feels sure of election, but it is believed that if a Democrat is elected he will need to have Republican votes, as three of the Democrats who will not vote for either Cauley or Whelton.

Ordinarily, with seven Democrats and six Republicans in the board there would be no doubt about the political affiliations of the man selected, but with Mr. Whelton in the board as the representative of Mayor Lomasney, and with Mr. Cauley also Lomasney by the administration, this is not an ordinary year. Alderman Curley has said that he would support Cauley and Alderman Hennessy may do the same, but Alderman Baldwin, Linehan and Kneeland would be more likely to vote for Whelton.

The hope of the Republicans is that the two Democratic factions will get into such a deadlock that one of them will turn to the Republican candidate.

HOTELS EXPECT NEW LICENSES NEXT WEEK

It is expected by men in the liquor trade who, naturally, are deeply interested in the troubles of the four hotels that have closed their bars, that they will be granted new licenses by the Police Board during the coming week.

While the Board has announced that no new licenses will be granted until the matter has been carried to the Supreme Court, it is believed that the commissioners will weaken and grant the new licenses that have been asked. Chairman Cole is reported to be in favor of granting the new licenses, while Commissioner Emmons and Adams oppose such action.

A report was current yesterday that the difficulty would be laid before Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., within a day or two after his inauguration, and that he would be asked to make a change in the personnel of the Police Board on the ground that the present members of the Board had neglected their duty.

This report found many believers, as it was pointed out that the present board consists of two Democratic members and one Republican, and that Governor Guild, should he decide to act in the matter and remove any commissioner, would create a Republican majority in the commission.

Appeal to Guild.

There is no doubt that if the trouble is not settled within a few days, Governor Guild will be asked to act and great influence will be brought to bear on him by the hotel and liquor men and their friends.

No action will be taken by either the board or the hotel men until the first of the week when the cases come before the board for final consideration. It is believed that by that time enough influence will have been brought to bear to cause the board to grant the new licenses.

Another significant fact is that the bar tenders at Young's and Parker's—the two hotels whose bars were ordered by the police board for duty at their regular hours, 6 o'clock Wednesday morning—are said to be busy to mean that Mr. Whipple intends to reopen his bars and sell liquor under the old licenses, thus forcing District Attorney Morgan to act and get the matter into the courts. It is believed that, if Mr. Whipple takes this action, the Adams House and the Hotel Essex will follow suit.

The present situation is costing the hotels thousands of dollars each day, and this is thought to be the quickest way to settle the trouble.

Should the bars open under the old licenses and Morgan indictments would prosecute, not only the proprietors of the hotels, but the members of the Police Board as well if the board allowed the hotels to remain open. Should the board not authorize the hotels to reopen under existing conditions, its action would be a tacit authorization and undoubtedly would be accepted by Mr. Morgan as such.

Should he wish to do so he could prosecute the Police Board for every day that the four hotels apparently had violated the law, aggregating an enormous number of counts.

Could Prosecute Continually.

No one believes that Mr. Moran would be content with trying one count as a test case, which could be appealed by the defendants, allowing the sale of liquor to continue meanwhile. It is believed that he would lodge a succession of complaints and institute a sort of continuous prosecution.

The Police Board is not talking about the situation. No reply has been made to Mr. Moran's last statement by any member of the board, and it is not likely that any will be made.

It has been discovered that there are thirteen licenses lying in cold storage, any of which could be transferred. If the board sees fit to transfer one of these licenses to the hotels it would bridge the matter over, for a time at least, although it would undoubtedly be a sign of weakness on the part of the board.

GIRL STOPPED OWN FUNERAL

Somali, I. T., Dec. 30. After having been summoned dead by a physician, having fallen senseless through fright after explosion of fireworks, the body of Jo Moss was prepared for burial by an undertaker, and friends came to pay their sad respects.

A mourners were gathered about the the preacher had paid his tribute, the hymn had sung and the undertaker was on the act of screwing down the coffin, when, to the amazement of all, the girl bolt upright.

It was apparently as well as ever, but could recall nothing since her shock or torpedoes.

LYNN SOLDIER SLAIN BY MOROS

Special to the Boston American.

LYNN, Dec. 30.—Six thousand miles across the Pacific, in a little inland town in the Philippines, lies buried Sergeant John McDermott, aged forty-four years, killed by a cowardly attack by ambushed Moros as he was on his way back to his barracks from a dance in company with other soldiers. Sergeant McDermott was instantly killed, and two of his companions were fatally wounded.

The sergeant's brother, Patrick M. Dermott, of No. 89 Redington street, Swampscott, received the news in a letter written by the sergeant's captain in L company of the Twentieth Infantry, who paid a touching tribute to the memory of the dead soldier.

Sergeant McDermott was well known in Lynn, having been formerly employed here. He had been in the army sixteen years.

RAISES BABIES AT $1,000 EACH

ELDORA, Ia., Dec. 30. With every visit of the stork to his home in Butler County, George Cramer, a farmer, gets a check for $1,000 from his father in Germany. The stock has paid twelve visits. When the first little one came to Mr. Cramer home the old father in Germany was so well pleased that he forwarded his check for $1,000 and declared that he would duplicate it with each visit of the stork.

By thrift and economy Cramer has invested the stork money from the fatherland until to-day he is the possessor of a comfortable bank account, and nowhere in the State is there a happier family than that of the German who would delight President Roosevelt's heart.

SAVE LABORER LOST 8 DAYS IN MINE

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Dec. 30.—After being entombed in a mine for eight days, Joseph Kelly, a Polander, was rescued. Days entered the mine Wednesday, December 20, and got lost in the underground workings. He was found in an exhausted condition near the bottom of the shaft.

"L" ROAD GIVES ITS HELP $60,000

Employees of the Boston Elevated Railway Company, who have been in the service for six months and over and who have had a sufficiently good record during the past year will each receive from the road on Monday next. This means that the road will at that time distribute among its employees over $300,000 and every man now will receive an extra envelope with a New Year's gift enclosed.

INSANE WOMAN STOPS THE WATER SUPPLY

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—The water supply of Danbury, Ct., was shut off for a short time when an insane woman, armed with a revolver, held up Engineer Dougherty at the pumping station and demanded that he stop the engine. Dougherty at first thought it a joke, but when she pressed the revolver against his head it was different. The woman was then overpowered.

WORKMEN RIOT BECAUSE WAGES WERE STOLEN

Claims Hold-up of Company's Paymaster Part of Plot to Rob Them.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 30.—While scores of armed men are groping through the fog in the swamps and woods to-day, searching for the five bandits who held up and beat Paymaster William Schenk of the Delaware Construction and Trap Rock Company and robbed him of $5,200, the Italian laborers at the company's plant at Piscataway, enraged at the loss of their month's wages, are rioting.

It is said by the laborers that the robbery was part of a plot to keep them out of their money. They would listen to no explanations but proceeded to revenge themselves at the company's expense. Tool chests were broken out and their contents of shovels, crowbars and picks thrown into the woods. All the lights over the trenches were thrown down and destroyed. Threats were offered against representatives of the company. The men refused to work to-day.

Paymaster Schenk and William F. Hawkins, who is also connected with the company, were held up in a carriage on the road to Piscataway, a mile east of this city, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon and robbed by five Italian highwaymen, four of whom were masked. The Italians were armed with revolvers, shotguns and knives. Their victims were unarmed, and could offer no resistance. After taking the satchel from the carriage the Italians backed away and disappeared in the woods.

Schenk and Hawkins had left the city half an hour earlier to pay the laborers, who are laying conduits for the Bell Telephone Company at Highland Park.

Following the robbery, Paymaster Schenk raised the alarm, and in a short time all the surrounding towns were notified by telephone and the police of a dozen cities were scouring the country roads in automobiles. Armed parties, made up for the most part of farmers, also started out to beat the woods, in the hope of discovering the fugitives before they reached the railroads.

The police are now actively at work searching for other Italians in the vicinity of Bound Brook. Four men, one of them carrying a satchel, and the other three armed with shotguns, were seen in the woods near Bound Brook by a peddler, who reported the circumstances to the authorities.

Two Men Arrested.

Two Italians carrying shotguns were arrested on a road near Westfield by police policemen. They made no resistance. They were locked up and searched, but no money was found upon them. They each denied all knowledge of the robbery. They had nothing worn or blood upon them.

The robbery was one of the boldest ever perpetrated in the State. The highway men hid in the woods about the time Paymaster Schenk was due with the two weeks' pay for the men employed by the company. Apparently they knew the paymaster and his companion were not armed for they made no show of concern when Schenk, in response to an invitation to hold up his hands, put his hand to his hip pocket as though to whip out a revolver.

Every man of the robbers was armed with a revolver, and two of them had guns as well as knives. The attack was made so suddenly that the paymaster had no chance to do more than to threaten to pull a revolver, and then he and his companion were overpowered and the satchel containing the money was pulled from the wagon and the men decamped, leaving no one to cover their escape. The paymaster whipped up his horse and soon notified the police.

BINGHAM FOR POLICE HEAD.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—General Theodore Bingham, of the United States Army, has been offered the office of Police Commissioner by McClellan, and has the offer under consideration.

LEIGHTON CO. LOSS PLACED AT $200,000

Brokerage Firm Hopes to Pay Up All Its Claims Dollar for Dollar.

Two hundred thousand dollars is a conservative estimate of the liabilities of the failed brokerage house of H. R. Leighton & Co., according to a statement made to the BOSTON AMERICAN to-day by Mr. H. R. Leighton, the secretary and treasurer of the firm.

At the main office of the house at No. 216 Washington street, expert accountants are at work figuring out the assets and liabilities. It will be some few days, however, before the task is completed, for before the books of the main office there are those of the many branches throughout New England and Canada to be examined. Managers for the firm in the different cities where the offices are located have been notified to send in the books to the main office for examination.

Customers Early.

Before the Washington street office opened to-day there were many anxious customers of the firm waiting at the doors, many of whom expected that they would be able to withdraw their balances with the firm. In this they were disappointed, being told upon the arrival of the office force that nothing would be done toward a settlement until the examination of the books had been completed.

While a few were insistent that they be given their money, most of them took the matter calmly and were reassured by the statement of Mr. Leighton that he hoped to be able to pay dollar for dollar. The business offices of the firm were kept open during the day, but the board room was deserted, and while the tickers clicked merrily away, telling their story of the ries and fall of stocks, there was no one present to read their quotations.

Mr. Leighton himself was kept busy answering telephone calls, sending communications and receiving customers who called in regard to their accounts. To a BOSTON AMERICA reporter he said:

"We hope to pay dollar for dollar, and I believe we shall be able to do so if the banks who carry out stocks are willing to give the opportunity to dispose of them to the best advantage. If they crowd us, of course, our customers will suffer.

Liabilities $200,000.

"About $200,000 I should say is a conservative estimate of our liabilities. What the assets are I cannot state until the examination of the books is completed. The value of the stocks we are carrying depends, of course, on the price at which they are disposed of.

"The failure was brought about by a number of contributory causes, any one of which singly we would have been able to meet, but the combination was too much for us.

"While, of course, in our numerous offices, doing the large business that we were doing, there were a number of worthless customers, we had very few doing business with us in Boston. In the course of the performance of my duty I'll put him down and out before he can say Jack Robinson."

RODE OFF WITH NEW LOCHINVAR

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 30.—Flora Payne, a pretty True Blue, Va., girl, with two wealthy admirers and a will of her own, on the evening she was to have been married to one, walked four miles to join the other, and then, seated on the same horse with her real true love, dashed away forty miles to a railroad station to escape from the wedding, the wedding feast and the bridegroom, who was awaiting the blushing bride. The rest of the journey to Washington, wher her Lochinvar's brother was willing with a surprised face, was made by rail, but a telegram got here first and she was detained by the police until her father arrived to take her back to True Blue.

Miss Payne, however, declares that she will get marry the man of her choice and not the man picked out for her by her father.

KNEW WIFE'S MINCE MEAT

GREAT BARRINGTON, Dec. 30.—"Your Honor, I have sampled my wife's mince meat off and on for the past twenty-five years, and I know that was made by her," said Martin French to Judge Sanford when testifying against Mrs. Jane Pulver, sixty seven years of age, who was charged with the theft of a kittle of mince meat and a coat of pork from the French house.

"And may it please the court," said Mrs. French, "I am just as sure that that is my pork for you can see where I have worn the porcelain lining off by repeated scrubbing."

Mrs. Pulver said she had secured the roast and mince meat for guests. Judge Sanford dismissed the case returned to Mr. and Mrs. French and told Mrs. Pulver he would suspend sentence for two weeks.

BURLY PASTOR A POLICEMAN

JERSEY CITY, Dec. 30.—Rev. Dr. John L. Scudder, pastor of the First Congregational Church and manager of the People's Palace, has been appointed a policeman at his own request by the Jersey City Police Commissioners. His badge is No. 258. Some person has been stealing articles from the gymnasium in the People's Palace, and the clergyman is working on the case.

"If I catch him," declared Dr. Scudder last night, "I shall show him my badge and march him to the police station."

Dr. Scudder laughed heartily when told if he would carry a short club and a revolver under his coat tails, as do other special officers. "Look at those two feet of mine," said the clergyman. "There's bone and muscle for you. I flatter myself that I can strike as hard a blow as almost any other fighter, except, perhaps, Jim Jeffries, and if any man I arrest attempts to assault me while I am in the performance of my duty I'll put him down and out before he can say Jack Robinson."

SAYS IN SUIT HE FLED FOR LIFE

HAVERHILL, Dec. 30.—The report from St. Louis that William H. Clohecy had brought suit there for divorce, alleging that he had been compelled to flee from his wife and home in Haverhill to save his life, was received with some astonishment and considerable incredulity in this city, where he and his troubles were topics of interest about two years ago.

Clohecy was married about a number of years ago, and in 1902 embarked in the saloon business with money furnished by his wife.

In the latter part of 1903 he was forced into an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. He disappeared from this city immediately very few persons being aware of his whereabouts until news of his divorce suit reached here.

The fact that Clohecy had domestic troubles as well as financial perplexities in his leaving came as a surprise to his friends and Mrs. Clohecy refuses to make any statement.

DEATH OF A CLERK; DOESN'T WRITE WIFE

CLEVELAND, Dec. 30.—Mrs. Cassie Chadwick has not seen or heard from her husband, who is now confined in his brother's furniture store in Jacksonville, Fla., since he visited her in jail several months ago, and their relations apparently strained.

Chadwick has with him his daughter, who attends a seminary for girls, and intends to make Jacksonville his future home.

Mrs. Chadwick is visited at the jail occasionally by her son, Emil Hoover, but so far as is known she has not alluded to Chadwick since her incarceration.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

STRIKERS WILL LEAVE LOWELL

LOWELL, Dec. 30. The 150 striking 6k spinners have sent a letter to the ge of the Merrimack Mills, threatening drive Lowell if their demands are not ceded with. The letter says, in part:

We are all single strikers. We are not ere for six months and over and who have had a sufficiently good record during the past year will each receive from the road on Monday next. This means that the road will at that time distribute among its employees over $300,000 and every man now will receive an extra envelope with a New Year's gift enclosed.

THE
BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN
WILL CONTAIN

AN ART CALENDAR, FREE!

A beautiful 1906 calendar of girls drawn by Henry Hutt, Harrison Fisher, C. Allan Gilbert, Howard Chandler, Christy and Thomas Mitchell Pierce, reproduced in colors.

SOCIETY PEOPLE

of Boston and New England and what they are doing. In the SUNDAY AMERICAN.

WHAT WILL HAPPEN IN 1906?

Forecasts which predict that the new year will be the most momentous in the history of the earth.

MOST DEADLY OF ALL WEAPONS

The marvellous new engine of destruction now being made for the United States Navy which can steer itself, travel a mile a minute and blow up any ship afloat.

AN AMERICAN WOMAN SOCIALLY BOYCOTTED

That is what the wives of the ministers of France want to do to the new American wife of M. Clemenetl.

HELLO, CENTRAL! THIS IS CUPID!

How the golden voices of hello girls have won millionaire husbands for them.

WHAT NEW YORK WASTED IN 1905

Enough bread to feed the starving poor of London; enough potatoes to feed everybody in Ireland and enough money to rebuild Brooklyn Bridge.

A $13,000,000 DIAMOND METEOR

Has been lost, buried two miles deep in the earth, and an interesting search is being made for it.

COMPLETE REPORTS

of all the news, with graphic stories of the revolution in Russia by staff correspondents.

THE SUCCESSFUL MAN

By REV. MADISON C. PETERS of New York.

He emphasizes the lesson that there can be no supreme success without absolute integrity by pointing to some of the prominent reputations wrecked by financial scandals the past year.

ORDER IT NOW!

THE
BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN

33,473,440 SHOES IS HAVERHILL'S RECORD

HAVERHILL, Dec. 30.—Haverhill has turned out 16,736,720 pairs of shoes, or 33,473,440 shoes, valued at over $20,000,000, in 1905, an increase of 8,442 pairs over the record of last year. With $15,000,000 invested in shoe and other industries, the city's business for the year is said to have exceeded $35,000,000 in manufactures.

GLAZE AS OUTFIELDER.

Ralph Glaze, the young Dartmouth college pitcher who has signed with the Boston Americans for next season, called at headquarters yesterday and had a pleasant chat with President Taylor. The college man will be given a thorough trying out as an all-round player with the hope of placing him in the outfield.

SEEK WOMAN FOR THREAT BY "BLACK HAND"

Carnival Queen, Who Also Received Poisoned Candy, Now Seriously Ill.

SENDER ELUDES POLICE

Special to the Boston American.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 30. The perseverance, ingenuity and daring of the lawless woman who sent Miss Elsie Marie Smith, Albany's carnival queen, the box of poisoned candy on Christmas Day, is shown by the fact that even while eluding the search of the whole police force she continues to send her beautiful rival threatening letters. Today Miss Smith is in bed under the doctor's care as the result of receiving another letter, this time purporting to come from the "Black Hand."

The letter came to the Smith house last Wednesday by special delivery, but was not turned over to the police until today. It is written on rough paper and enclosed in an envelope of the same material. In the upper right hand corner of the envelope is a poorly sketched black hand. The letter reads:

"Come at once to corner Hudson avenue and Broadway. Do not bring anyone with you. Beware! "DELOTTA."

Below this is a hand drawn in lead pencil, with the letter "B" above and "H" below. On the reverse side of the paper is the following:

"If you inform the police about this I shall be here with my hand Tuesday next at 160 Hudson avenue."

No. 160 Hudson avenue is Miss Smith's home.

The sender of the letter evidently took pains to make her writing as much as possible unlike that of the other anonymous notes received by Miss Smith during the past seven months. The police say these instances are unmistakable.

The examination of the friends of Miss Smith and young Clayton McKinley continues.

CABBY MAN AFTER DIOGENES' HEART

Had Diogenes been around Boston last Saturday he would have found Richard Kelly, cabman at the Castle Square Hotel, fulfilling qualifications. His vehicle was hired by Fred B. Finan of Elm street, Charlestown, who was driving the party to a lady about to enter the carriage he faced a small handbag on the seat, which she turned over to Kelly. It contained a bank book showing a deposit of $1,000, $883 in cash and some parcels. Mr. Finan was notified and identified his property. He gave Kelly a reward of $5.

BOY EDITOR LOSES JOB; DISAPPEARS

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 30. Duncan Campbell, twenty-four, until recently managing editor of the Pawtuxet Valley Gleaner, published at Phenix, has disappeared from the appointments of his employers and boarded an electric for this city, where he was seen at five o'clock, since when there have been no tidings of his whereabouts.

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL COUNCIL BOSTON MASS. 96

All theatres in Boston have agreed to employ none but union engineers, as reported at last night's meeting of Stationary Engineers Union No. 16. A committee was appointed to unionize all candy factories and laundries in this city.

W. R. F. Whelan was chosen as the union's representative on the arbitration board to act on the Quincy Brewery trouble.

The brewery will appoint a representative, who, with Mr. Whelan, will choose a third member of the committee.

The committee appointed to visit Chief Skinn of the State Police concerning the granting of special licenses to men not competent to receive engineers' licenses made its report, and the matter was referred to the executive board for final action. The annual ball will be held February 9 in Odd Fellows' Hall.

MAHONEY BOSTON AGENT.

The Atlantic coast Marine Firemen's Union has completed its referendum election of officers. Daniel Sullivan of New York was re-elected general secretary for the coast by a unanimous vote.

James G. Mahoney of Boston, recently elected an international vice-president of the Seafarers' Union, of which the firemen are a part, was unanimously re-elected Boston agent. John M. Bowe was chosen delegate for the port of Boston. Approval was to all but seven of the proposed list of referendum amendments to the constitution which were placed before the members.

MUSICIANS' NEW QUARTERS.

After next Monday the headquarters and office of the Boston Musicians' Protective Association will be located at No. 44 Federal street, spacious apartments there having been leased for a term of three years.

The first regular meeting of the association in its new quarters will be held next Thursday afternoon at one o'clock to consider several important matters. A special meeting will be held Sunday, January 7, at eleven a. m., to give special consideration to the matter of new wage agreements between the Theatrical Managers' Association and the Musicians' Protective Association.

Subscription papers have been circulated quite generally in a tentative effort to ascertain if a sufficient number of the association can raise toward having a building of its own in Boston.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS MEET.

The seventh of the New England semi-annual convention of electrical workers' unions will be held tomorrow at Providence. The session will begin at 10 a. m. in the Iroy Building, Exchange street.

John J. McLaughlin, New England president, Martin F. Lorey and J. J. Mangan will represent Boston Union No. 103, and Michael Birmingham and Hector McDonald will be the delegates from Boston Union No. 104 (the linemen).

LABOR NOTES.

Legislative matters will be considered at a special meeting of the State Branch, American Federation of Labor, to be held tomorrow afternoon at Wells Memorial building.

The Structural Building Trades Alliance will meet next Friday night at 2054 Washington street for the transaction of important business.

Thomas F. Kelley was elected president of Stone Masons' Union No. 5.

Mathematics' Lodge No. 264 has voted to rescind its monthly meetings and smoke talk inaugurated by Past Master Frank Kelly. Meetings will be held in Wells Memorial building until its new quarters in the 24 Washington tour have been completed.

George B. Rosie has been appointed label agent for the United Garment Workers' District Council.

CRIPPLED NEWSBOY WHO RESCUED DROWNING GIRL

One-armed boy hero who jumped into pond after little girl who had broken through ice and, almost at the end of his own strength, brought her safely to the shore. He tells papers at the Old State House entrance to the East Boston tunnel.

1,500 SIGN TO SAVE FRIGATE

Popular enthusiasm in the signing of Papeete artistic petition for the preservation of the frigate Constitution is being strikingly indicated at the Mayor's office, where 1,500 names were signed within a few hours by people of every sort and condition. Among the signers were all the members of the Board of Aldermen now.

The visitor whose signature created the greatest interest of all was Mrs. Susan B. Clark of this city, a daughter of Rear Admiral Luther, Thomas C. Byron, born in 1794, was 'fifer on the Constitution during the "old frigate's" whole glorious career during the war of 1812. Edmund Hart, the builder of the Constitution, in 1797, was her husband's grandfather.

Not a single inhabitant of Boston now deprived of the privilege of signing the petition, so it is to remain at City Hall during all of next week, while other portions of the petition can be found in the old State House and at various other places.

MORAN HAS GONE OVER 489 CASES ON HIS DOCKET

Personally Investigates Every Case to Save Public Expense.

24 TRIED, 45 NOL PROSSED

Since John B. Moran took office as district Attorney he has gone carefully the 489 cases that were on the docket, building the promise made during his campaign that he would investigate all cases personally before taking them to trial.

Of these cases he has nol prossed forty-five, he has placed thirty on file and 125 on probation. While 200 cases were thus disposed of outside of the court, only twenty-four were tried, resulting in thirteen convictions and eleven acquittals.

The practice of considering cases before they are presented to the Grand Jury or to the Superior Criminal Court has long been in vogue, but none of Mr. Moran's predecessors has made such a feature of it. Mr. Moran declares it is the duty of a public prosecutor to sift the evidence before-hand and save all time and expense possible, and he has put his ideas into operation. He has worked almost ceaselessly since he took office, and the number of cases that he has disposed of represents a remarkable amount of labor.

Some days he has not seen taken time for lunch and he has worked nights at his home.

The greater portion of the 489 cases that were on the trial list for this month were appeals from the lower courts. All the evidence in each case was examined by Mr. Moran and when he decided that the government was not entitled to a verdict, nothing he put forward.

When he believed that the defendants were guilty, but that there were extenuating circumstances in the case, or that they were of such nature as not to be suitable for prohibition, he acted likewise. He, in leaning the defendants to go free as long as they behaved themselves. In other cases where he found it advisable to keep the defendants under the eye of the probation officers they were placed on probation.

In every case he considered Mr. Moran wrote out his reasons for his decision, placing them with the papers in the case for purposes of reference.

REAL ESTATE.

EXTRAORDINARY FARM BARGAIN. HORRICKS—A gain to stay—Only 150 acres; 60 acres to make, cuts 50 tons; keeps 20 cows; 2 horses; 2 colts; 2 heifers; 2 calves; fruit trees; 300 bbls. in season; grain and heifer, complete, $2,000; $1,000 cash; 10-room house, 50-ft. L, open fireplaces; surrounded with fruit trees; 2 miles to Ashburnham; 4 miles to Winchendon; $1,500; $500 cash; 10-room house, 30

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

FOOTBALL MEN IN SESSION

Special to the Boston American.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.—There is no friction between the new and old foot, ball rules committees. Both met at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, and an informal discussion of the gridiron game was held.

The new committee is the one just selected at a conference of sixty-eight colleges and universities in New York.

The decision reached here was that the old committee, made up of representatives from Harvard, Yale, Pennsylvania, Princeton, Cornell, and Chicago, had no power to admit the new members to membership in their body until they had been given this power by their respective institutions. They promised to get such authority at once and communicate the result to the newcomers.

Meanwhile, no action will be taken toward an amendment of the football code.

The suggestion of the New York conference committee was that there should be an amalgamation of the new and old committees, to be known as the national rules committee, to meet annually for the amendment of the football rules. It was with this end in view that the committees met here.

The old rules committee was represented by six of its members, these being John U. Bell, Pennsylvania; Walter Camp, Yale; W. T. Reid, jr., Harvard; Professor L. M. Dennis, Cornell; J. R. Fine, Princeton; Paul Dashiel, Annapolis. The only absentee was A. A. Stagg, of Chicago.

The New York conference committee was represented by six of its members. These were Dr. H. L. Williams of Minnesota; Lieut. Charles Daly, West Point; Dr. L. J. A. Babbitt, Haverford; Charles W. Savage, Oberlin; John T. Lees, Nebraska; F. H. Curtis, Texas. The only absentee from this committee was E. K. Hall of Dartmouth.

FRED WHITE WINS RACE

There was great interest in the two-mile roller skating race at the Park square roller rink, when Fred White of Roxbury showed himself faster than the other eleven men who competed. He was, however, called upon to extend himself, as Nate MacLeod, the old Metropolitan style rider, made him display his greatest sprinting ability in the short homestretch. White won by a couple of yards, Blackford was second and P. F. Hastings, of South Framingham was third. The time was given out as seven minutes.

JERRY WINS AGAIN.

Jerry Callahan defeated Harry Woods of Worcester in a pool match at Alexander's parlors, City Hall avenue, one score being 100 to 49. Jerry played in splendid style. Jerry will meet Woods for the third time next Wednesday.

"GRIFF" WON'T TAKE MOORE FOR CLARKSON

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Fresh from his cattle ranch in Craig, Mont., Manager Griffith, of the Greater New York baseball club, arrived in New York yesterday.

Griffith says that with the thirty-eight men he has to pick from he expected to select a team that would at least equal the performance of the runner-up for the American League championship in 1904.

As to the report from Cleveland that there was a possibility of a trade of Jack Moore for Clarkson, Griffith said that he had never suggested such an arrangement, and he did not believe Mr. Farrell, the owner of the Greater New Yorks, had. In the official averages for last season Moore had fifteen games and Southern, while his batting average was but .106.

When Manager Griffith reported at the club headquarters he and Oscar Farrell began to select the team for next year, as well as to plan the schedule of exhibition games while upon their Southern trip next Spring, the headquarters being at Birmingham, Ala. An early start is predicted, the men leaving here between March 1 and 8.

PENN STILL LEADS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Two games and a win by W. N. Sweet, of Brown, over E. H. Miller, of Pennsylvania, were the results of the play in the third round of the triangular college chess league tournament, which will end to-day. Pennsylvania still holds the lead by a narrow margin over Brown, with Cornell a close third.

The score stands: Pennsylvania, 3½ games won; Brown 3, and Cornell, 2½.

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"Young Corbett" Talks About Best Blows, and Says JEFF LACKED SNAPPY PUNCH

BY TAD.

"Jim Jeffries was never what I would call a knocker-out," said "Young Corbett" one evening just after he left the Los Angeles where he meets Herrera. "I hear a lot of people talking about Jeff's terrible punch, but on the level when you look over his record and dope it out, Jeff never had a snappy punch. Take the men he knocked out, for instance. There was Jack Munroe, the easiest fight he ever had. Why, he put Jack to the floor five or six times in those two rounds, and then at the end the fight was stopped, with Jack upon his feet ready for more.

"If Jeff had the snappy punch, Munroe would never have heard the gong at the close of the first round. Gus Ruhlin was slowly beaten down in his five-round fight with Jeff; it took ten rounds for him to beat Jim Corbett, and he was hitting Corbett as he pleased.

"Jeff don't look like a great fighter; no, it's just about the knockout blow that I'm afraid of. Tommy Burns, Terry McGovern, Jeff and Fitzsimmons are the real boys who were dangerous at all times. Any one of those fellows could drop an opponent cold with one punch. Any number of times they have done it and people expected it of them. I don't know whether it was born in them or whether it is developed, but very few fighters have that snap to the blow.

"Fitz stowed away Sharkey, Coghlin, Maher and a bunch of them with one punch apiece. He was always dangerous, and feared him more than any one I ever met, because I never knew just at what time he would wing over a swift one.

"I would call Battling Nelson in the same class as Jeffries, in regard to the punch. Nelson has great vitality. He is very strong as a bull and can put up a good thing in the line of punches that comes his way. When in our first fight I hit him in the jaw harder than I hit McGovern, but he only went to one knee, and was up again like a flash, fighting harder than ever. I broke a couple of his ribs that night, but I couldn't keep him. He kept battering away at me until I fell exhausted to the floor, all in.

"You can't beat fellows like Jeffries and Nelson. They have more muscle endurance. The only thing to do is to wait until they get old.

"Britt? Well, I'll have to say that he is a remarkable young fighter. He's his own fight, he boxes and fights as the fight goes along, and makes every round as different as possible. He's the best man out there when you want him, but pulls blows that are cleverly Jim Corbett ever did. He wasn't as clever as others I have fought; Joe Bernstein had been a boaster for cleverness. Joe was a mixed up fighter, and Britt's style with a little bunch of fancy stuff added would be an even split. The match was a draw.

FINE PRIZES AT LYNN'S BIG DOG SHOWS

Dog fanciers are getting ready for the annual show of the Lynn Kennel Club at 501 Fellows Hall, Thursday and Friday, January 18 and one of the best and largest displays of canine ribbon stock will be benched.

There will be competition in all classes, and most exhibitors from all over the country will rumble with the best breeds in the dog world. Besides the regular prizes there is a long list of special prizes which look very alluring and will bring an added spirit competition between owners of high-class animals.

The people behind the Boston terrier will be judged by Alex L. Goodie of Boston, an expert whose long experience on the bench shows makes him a valuable addition in picking out the fine points in the American dog. All other breeds will be judged by George E. Thomas of Hamilton, Mass., who has no peer in selecting winners.

Entries close January 8 with Tom Middaugh, 68 North Market street, Boston, Mass.

TOM JENKINS GOT A DRAW

CLEVELAND, Dec. 30.—Tom Jenkins, the American heavyweight wrestling champion, undertook to earn $200 "easy money" here to-night at the Empire Theatre after the regular performance. McLeod is wrestling all comers this week, forfeiting $25 to any one who stays fifteen minutes. An extra inducement was offered to Jenkins which he accepted, but so worked that he was given the decision over the Englishman after the match was a draw.

"CORBETT" WORKING FOR KEEPS

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 29.—"Young Corbett" is diverting into a wonderfully confident trainer in preparation for his fight with Aurelio Herrera before the Pacific Athletic Club here next month, and if some of the former champion's friends read only so much as he plows out the road in the mornings and goes through his gymnasium stunts in the afternoons they would at once come to the conclusion that "Corbett" is a changed boy.

Every morning the Beverlite takes a run from his hotel to Avot Park, a distance of about six or seven miles each way. When he begins to get tired he puts down a gentlemen and takes a short nap until it is time for him to start the latter boss's grind.

The gymnasium stunts are scarcely any less hard than the road work of the morning. The former pugilist puts in about fifteen minutes and then he is ready for a couple of rounds. A four-round bout with Joe Green comes first, and then the boss of the ring is taken on for a roughhouse affair of about the same length. Johnny Hogan has also been put in commission at the "Corbett" camp, and from now on he will take up a little of the strenuous life in a manner with the ex-champion.

When he came here a few weeks ago "Young Corbett" weighed close to the 140-pound mark, but the strenuous exercise he has taken has knocked this figure down to about 133 pounds. With two weeks yet to pass before he has to meet Herrera, "Corbett" is confident that the remaining pounds will be sweated away, and that he will meet the Mexican at the figure called for.

The date of the Corbett-Herrera fight has been definitely fixed for January 12. Up to to-day Manager Joe Woodman, of the Pacific A. C., was not sure whether the event would occur on the 10th or 12th, but this difficulty was finally decided by the latter date as would be the most suitable. This arrangement gives the "Corbett" more than his opponent, as Herrera is already here to-night, while "Corbett" flips the scales a few notches over the 133 pound mark.

SUTTON DEFEATS TENNEY.

George Sutton, the hoodoo billiard player, defeated Captain Fred Tenney of the Boston National Baseball Club at 18-hit balk line billiards at the Adams Square rooms. The score being 250 to 134 in Sutton's favor. This is the best form he has displayed since coming to this city and if he shows as good form to-morrow afternoon and one of thirty-eight. To-night he will play the same engagement here and play Oscar M. Wheeler.

PRINCETON, 4; PENN, 3.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 30.—Princeton tamed the table on the Pennsylvania hockey team here to-day and won the game, 4 to 3. At the end of the first half the score stood 3 to 0 in favor of the Pennsylvanians. The deciding game will be played to-night.

Dr. Hallock's
FREE REMEDIES
FOR MEN

Dr. Hallock's S. C. Capsules for Blood and Kidney Troubles, a positive, permanent cure for Rheumatism, Backache, Nervousness, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout, Gravel, Catarrh, Bladder, Kidney, Urinary, Liver, Stomach, Bowel and Skin Troubles, resulting from Excesses, Indiscretions, Overwork, Worry, Exposure, Colds, Grippe, Malaria, Fevers, Pneumonia, Typhoid, Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Measles, Whooping Cough, Mumps, Chicken Pox, Smallpox, Etc. Dr. Hallock's Electric Pills, a positive cure for Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nocturnal Emissions, Loss of Nerve Power, Weak Back, Sunken Eyes, Pimples on the Face, Bad Blood, Varicocele, Stricture, Piles, Fistula, Fissure, Constipation, Etc. $1 per box at all retailers or by mail. Write for free book on Men's Diseases. Consultation free by mail or at office. Hours 9 to 5. Sundays and holidays 10 to 1.

DR. HALLOCK CO.,
110 Court St., Boston, Mass.
Between Boston Sq. and Scollay Sq.; 53 years at the same place.

NIC LONGWORTH PICKED OUT WRONG HORSE

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Congressman Nic Longworth several years ago came within an ace of having a famous racehorse named for him. The story has just been told and turfmen are repeating it with much amusement. It appears that H. M. Ziegler, the Cincinnati turfman, had two yearlings in his barn one day when Congressman Longworth paid a visit to the Ziegler stock farm.

"Make your selection," said Ziegler to Longworth, "and I will name either of these youngsters for you."

Longworth looked the yearlings over with a critical eye and then, pointing to a bay colt, remarked:

"That is the one I like! He looks like a good one."

"Very well," replied the Cincinnati turfman. So he led Longworth from one of the colts, and the other fellow will be named Hermis."

The colt named for the popular Congressman turned out to be a champion and a top selling player, while Hermis's famous victories continued, Longworth later on declaring he was a poor judge of horseflesh.

COTE IS PUT TO SLEEP BY KID PANTZ

AUGUSTA, Dec. 30.—Caught almost immediately in the wind and law, by swift moving hands, Arthur Cote of Biddeford succumbed in the fifth round before the Augusta Social and Athletic Club, in the ninth bout of a bout scheduled for fifteen rounds.

The fight was the aggressor throughout the contest. He used a sort of a combination or "double-decker" punch with telling effect. This blow or series of blows consisted of lifting both his left and right mitts in rapid succession, left, right, left, right, while each arm of Cote was so bewildered by this series of punishment that he had no time in which to land any hects on his adversary.

During the first six rounds the honors were slightly in favor of Pantz.

In the seventh Pantz got on to him self, and waded into the Biddeford fighter right and left. Cote was taken completely off his guard, and he retreated like a bunch of Russians before a Japanese fighting brigade.

It was the opinion of many of the sports present that Cote underestimated the ability of his opponent. He seemed to be trying to reserve his energy for one severe onslaught.

"KIDS" ROAM IN WOODED FAIRYLAND
YOUNGSTERS' DAY AT THE SPORTSMEN'S SHOW

This is youngsters' day at the Sportsman's Show, and they got an early start for Mechanics' Building to gaze with wide open eyes at real live Indians and the fierce wild animals, and they swarmed everywhere around the big cages. The kids" had their fill of delight in the wooded fairyland.

The duck pond was a special attraction and the feathery bipeds were besieged with tidbits which the youngsters provided for them.

That the public is getting closer to outdoor life and appreciative of its health ful influence is attested by the ever increasing attendance, and when the crowd is at its height many about in the wooded unconfortable.

Sunny Jim, such as the ardent devotee of the steel rod and spinning reel delights to hunt, disport themselves in all their native beauty in the large tanks. Specified quarters from the Rangeley and Moosehead Maine and New Hampshire are able by side in the large receptacles, and land locked salmon, whose glistening sides reflect all the colors of the rainbow, are fascinating the gaze.

An exceptional episode happened yester day in the aquarium, which will give the students of fishology something to ponder over. With a fish commit suicide? It is known that animals will take their own life for different causes, why not a fish?

Anyway when the big salmon called the ouananiche in Canada, arrived and were put in the same tank with the same breed from Maine, there was a noticeable coldness exhibited on the part of both fine fellows, which may account for the action of one of the Pine Tree State breed being found on the floor later, having jumped from the tank in some unaccountable way, and before aid could be brought to his rescue in the shape of a bucket of water he was past recovery.

Now the management, in order not to let any further catastrophe happen of a similar nature, have placed wire barriers over the top of the tanks.

The first thing that greets the visitor as he enters the hall from the north entrance is the little Indian girl, who, perched on a table, hands you a cigar, logne for your personal use. She is usually the receiver of the little surroundings, and the arrangement of booklet stops to marvel at the ingenuity of the red man's wife, who seems to be capable with natural grace and dignity of being her husband's companion. Sometimes there are two, and both are related, one being an aunt and the other a niece.

They seem so much alike in age and

B. A. A. BOUTS ON JAN. 27

The next sparring tournament at the B. A. A. will take place on Saturday evening, January 27, at 8 p. m. It will consist of open classes in the following weights: 113 pounds, 125 pounds and heavyweight. In addition to these classes there will be several special bouts.

If the entries in the open classes warrant, preliminary trials will be held on Wednesday evening, January 24. No boxer will be allowed to compete unless he is registered by the A. A. U. The entries will close on January 20 with George V. Brown, B. A. A., Exeter street, Boston.

TANNY SIGNED BY EX-CHAMPS

Local fans will be glad to learn that Jimmie Tanner has signed with the Boston Americans for another season. President John T. Taylor secured Tanny's name in the first player to affix his signature to a 1906 contract. Tanny was the main stay in the box last season and ruled the second best pitcher in the country.

OFFERS $15,000 FOR BOUT.

Jim McCarey, matchmaker of the Pacific A. C., of Los Angeles, Cal., announces that he will offer a purse of $15,000 for a twenty-round bout between Battling Nelson and Kid Herman, the Chicago lightweight, if the latter is successful in beating the victor of the Herrera-Corbett battle

THE CONSTITUTION
"Old Ironsides"
A Petition to the U. S. Congress to
"SAVE THE SHIP"
Drumhead Illuminated parchment will be at
City Hall To-day
Portions of the petition will be at City Hall, 600 estate House, and at State street Trust Company (uptown office), cor. State and Bogliston Sts., from Dec. 25 to Jan. 8.
SIGN YOUR NAMES

HUB PLAYER IS IN SHAPE FOR TOURNEY

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Albert G. Cutler of Boston, the expert billiard player, is in great form for the eighteen-inch balk line tournament which will begin at the rooms of Dion Daly's billiard academy on New Year's Day.

Cutler, himself a young player, will be pitted against two veterans, Thomas J. Gallagher of Chicago and Edward F. Laughlin of this city. They will play two rounds of 400 points to each game.

Cutler has been in the front of the shortstop billiardists in this country, and this will be his first tournament in which they compete against each other. In the recent contest held in Boston Mr. Laughlin won, but Cutler made the highest run and had the best play in the series of engagements. The latter attributes his defeat on that occasion to a bad cold, and says that his play proved that he is the best of the trio.

Cutler is only twenty-seven years of age, but his record as a billiard player is one of the best. He has won several tournaments, and even in the contests which he has lost he has generally been in the first or second kind. McLaughlin and Gallagher are also men of wide experience with the cue, and in the last tourney their play was somewhat like that of Cutler. When the latter gets started right it is almost impossible to beat him off, and he generally finishes away ahead of his opponents. In the past week or two he has been working hard and has his touch so well perfected that those who have seen him play say that he will certainly emerge from the tourney victorious.

PROVIDENCE IS POWERS'S.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 30.—The final papers for the transfer of the majority of the stock of the Providence baseball club of the Eastern league from Col. Felix R. Woodbury to Frank J. Powers of Jersey City have been signed.

Notes of the Diamond.

Chicago now has an alliterative outfield, with Shacknard, Slagle, Shafer and Schrieg.

Napoleon Lajoie, manager of the Cleveland baseball club, made a contract with an Akron publishing company yesterday to print 500,000 copies of a baseball guide he will get 5c. a.

The New York Giants expect to open the National League season at Philadelphia on April 12. The other openings will be: Boston in Brooklyn, Chicago in Cincinnati and Pittsburg in St. Louis.

The annual meeting of the Central League will be held in Canton, O., on January 15, sentiment in favor of Ron Mulford, jr., for president is growing.

Hans Wagner says he is anxiously waiting for the baseball season to open. Pay day always was the red letter day for him.

Three of the four outfielders of the Chicago White Sox for next season will be new men. Callahan has quit, Holmes has been released, and Green will be traded. This leaves Fielder Jones as the lone veteran in the outer garden.

Jimmy Sheckard is satisfied to play in Chicago just to complete of being called a veteran. He says he is still six eight years of the required age to break into the United States Senate—thirty-five.

Hans Wagner, of the Pirates, is said to be demanding the same supply up in the vicinity of Goshen, O., where he is the guest of Pitcher Sam Leever, of the Pirates.

News of the Bowlers.

It is not at all unlikely that a match between the crack Springfield quintet, champions of Western Massachusetts, and the Elm Hill five will be arranged in the near future. Both teams will select among the local cracks. Bill Kelly, who has been out of the game for the past few years, will be seen in the Springfield lineup. Should the match be rolled there will be as many as 1000 pins knocked down in a single game.

What a fine record Barrett made in the Great Eastern League! He had 111 in his first string, 125 in the second and 102 in the third. Twice he rolled over 300. Some extra fine work, that.

What a leap upward

Boston American Daily Home Magazine

LATEST PARIS FASHIONS FROM EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS

An afternoon gown of black velvet trimmed with silk braid.

REUTLINGER PHOTO.

Copyright, 1905, in the U. S. A., by W. R. Hearst.

JACK HARKAWAY'S SON

HIS CAMPAIGN AGAINST PHILIPPINE PIRATES

CHAPTER XLIV.

Companions in Misery

Copyright, 1905, by American Journal Examiner.

SURELY it was a strange situation for the little party. Jack and Benton and the big Chinaman were all against Hunston. Just ten would have liked to kill all three of them.

Sung Gow was fairly itching to kill Hunston.

Jack and Benton were determined to prevent murder if they possibly could.

And all four of them were in a cavern with every avenue of escape cut off and water leaking in from the sea.

"Look here," said Jack. "Don't you be a fool, Sung Gow, nor you, Hunston. Drop all this murder business and let's put our heads together and see if we can find some means of escape."

"That's right," chattered Hunston, eagerly seizing upon the least promise of reprieve.

"First of all," suggested Benton, "let us see whether we cannot find the leak and stop it up. It seems rather silly for four grown men to sit down and wait patiently to be drowned, when it may be the simplest possible matter to shut off the water."

"Good idea," said Jack. "Suppose you go and see about it while I keep our friends company and see that they don't have any serious misunderstanding."

"All right," said Benton, "but Sung Gow may just as well come with me and there will be less danger of my trouble."

In a moment Jack and Hunston were alone.

Hunston leaned forward eagerly.

"Harkaway," said he, "you are the cleverest and the bravest man I have ever met. Let me loose, and help me, and you and I will find a way out of here and divide the treasure which Sung Gow has hidden in the old ship."

"None of that," answered Jack. "Haven't you learned yet that you can't bribe me to go into any of your dirty schemes?"

"But we will both be rich, and I will quit this sort of thing," pleaded the old scoundrel.

"It's no use, Hunston," said Jack. "You might as well understand once and for all that I propose to capture you and turn you over to the proper authorities. If it takes me ten years."

"Well," whined the uncomfortable Hunston, "there's no reason why I should be tied like this. Suppose the water suddenly rises. Haven't I got as good a right to save myself, or anyway to try, as you have?"

"Don't be in a hurry," said Jack. "I'll see that you have all the liberty you are entitled to."

Liberty in Sight

Presently Sung Gow and Benton came back.

"We have found the leak," said the Chinaman, "and stopped it up, so there's no danger for the present."

"And I think I know a way out," added Benton. "I believe that we can manage to reach the old ship, and, of course, from there it will not be difficult to get ashore."

So the little party of three started to make a closer examination of the cave, leaving Hunston securely bound.

As soon as they were out of sight Hunston rolled off the divan on which they had placed him and picked across the floor to where Sung Gow had left his sword when he went to cut the rope, and in less time than it takes to tell it he was free.

He knew the secrets of the cave as well as Sung Gow, and had swung quiet the heavy steel door, and run out from its hiding place in the wall a machine gun that would shoot a stream of bullets like water from a hose.

Placing it in position to command the passage he sat down to wait.

He could hear Jack's footsteps. What should he do?

TO BE CONTINUED.

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

A DELIGHTFUL MORNING GOWN

2000

No. 2,000—The design shown is very simple in its construction, being merely but plenty stitched to yoke depth, the two nearest the front being stitched the entire length. A broad shaped collar completes the neck with or without a shield and may be adorned with lace or braid to suit the wearer. A soft tash girdle the waist of it may be omitted and the fulness hung in gracefol folds to the floor. The pattern provides for full length or short sack length and the sweeping sack is very attractive made after this pattern. The gown may be made as elaborate or as simple as desired, while a dainty touch may be added in the form of a narrow Valenciennes edging the collar, sleeves and neck. A soft flannel, challis, cashmere silk or lawn may fashion it. In the medium size 8¾ yards of 36-inch material are needed.

Pattern No. 2,000 is in sizes 32 to 42 inches bust measure.

Send 10 cents to obtain this pattern, postpaid, and the size, name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 259, Boston, Mass.

No. 2,000.

SIZE.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

Be Sensible About the Question of an Engagement Ring

By Beatrice Fairfax

DO you know, girls, that I think some of you are a little bit too keen in your demands on your men friends' pockets?

Most of the young men of your acquaintance have their own way to make in the world, and as yet their salaries are not over large.

Supposing a man is earning $15 or $20 a week.

Out of that he must dress himself, pay his living expenses and, if he is sensible, save a little.

Of course he likes to take the girl he likes best to the theatre once in a while, but if she is a wise girl she will not expect to go too often.

Nor will she always be on the lookout for candy, etc.

A man gets frightened when he knows that he is expected to hand out money on all occasions.

Sometimes he is even expected to spend money freely on every member of the family of his lady love.

It isn't fair, girls, and I don't wonder that the men feel rather imposed upon.

When a man is in love with a girl he would like to lavish his entire fortune on her.

If she does not return his love she should not allow him to spend his money on her.

And if she does love him, she should exert her influence to urge him to save every cent for the future.

Don't jump to the conclusion that a man is stingy simply because he is not always offering to spend money on you.

A great many men have to help with the home expenses.

Many of them are saving with an eye to going into business for themselves.

If a man can't save money before marriage you may be quite sure he won't be able to save it after.

There is no harm in now and then going to the theatre once in a while with your friend, but remember that by the time tickets, car fares and perhaps a little supper are paid for the sum spent is quite considerable.

And remembering this, do not let it occur too often.

Then the engagement ring is another question that often arises.

Now, I am not going to be foolish enough to assert that the girl lives who does not like to see the pledge of her engagement shining on the third finger of her left hand.

But don't forget, dear girls, that many of you become engaged to poor, struggling young men.

It would be more prudent, perhaps, to postpone the engagement for a year or so.

But prudence and love don't always travel together and so you become engaged.

The man has little or no money to spend on a ring.

Why not be brave and womanly about it and say, "As long as I have your love, I don't care for a ring; let us wait and get it when times are better?"

Don't be ashamed of not having a ring. Your mothers did not all have engagement rings, and yet they have managed to be happy.

If your fiance can't afford a ring, do without one or be satisfied with the simplest little ring he can buy.

Be as economical as you can and help the men to be so, too. They will appreciate your efforts, believe me.

Some Simple, Sure Cures for Insomnia

A LARGE part of the neurasthenia (nerve exhaustion) which is so fashionable a malady of the twentieth century woman has its origin in the taking of sleeping-draughts, or "sedatives" of one sort or another.

This is the first note of warning I would give: If you are beginning, from any cause, to suffer from sleeplessness, try to the utmost extent in your power to cure it in natural and simple manner before having resort to any kind of drug. If the natural and simple remedies which I am going to mention do not cure you, and the sleeplessness goes on, then consult an experienced doctor and abide by his advice.

Sleeplessness comes from a large variety of causes; and until you can discover the cause you will be unlikely to find a cure.

Worry, anxiety, want of exercise, overwork, work prolonged up to the hour of going to bed, over-eating of rich foods, drugs or alcohol, want of fresh air, too mountainous an occupation, an ill-ventilated sleeping room, too much or too little food, bad health—particularly anaemia, which deprives the brain of a sufficiency of blood—are all common causes of insomnia. Climate is also sometimes a cause of it.

The overworked mother often suffers from sleeplessness, simply because her nerves have become, to use a popular phrase, worn to rags. From morning till night she is thinking for others. Of rest and change she has little or none. Her only recreation is household needlework: duty exercise the daily shopping expedition.

If she would note down how many minutes she actually spends in the open air she would probably be astonished to find how few they are.

The recommendation of sleeping draughts for sleeplessness is always a perilous piece of advice. These drugs should under no circumstances be recommended by one friend to another. It is not too much to say that any one advising another to take them incurs an awful responsibility.

All these things should only be prescribed by a doctor, and should only be taken concientiously according to his orders.

Hot Water Cure

THE order of merit for water stands first for the cure of sleeplessness. Few people who have not tried them realize the how soothing to the nerves and how procurative of sleep a hot spinal douche can be, nor how simple they are of administration.

You need not go to a hydropathic establishment in order to obtain this "cure." You can have it in your bedroom at home, and with The Boy of a gas stove or alcohol lamp you can have it at any hour of the night.

The best time to try this method for overcoming sleeplessness is just before going to bed and the best way to apply it is to have a board placed over an ordinary bath or tub, and to sit on it, while you gently pour water as hot as can possibly be borne down the spine, either from a jug or from a big sponge.

A warm dressing gown can be worn during the process by putting it on back to front, and leaving the back open, thus the arms and neck of the body are protected from cold.

Some people prefer to have a big sponge soaked in water as hot as they can bear it held for a few minutes against the nape of the neck and the spinal column. Which ever method is employed the result is equally good, and in many cases woos sleep after only a few trials.

Other Methods

STAND in a bath of warm water up to the calves, with the body wrapped in a sheet wrung out of water barely tepid. Rub vigorously all over, and in a couple of minutes, then lie on a blanket while some one rubs the body with a rough towel. This method is often successful.

Here is an old-fashioned cure for sleeplessness: Fry a pound or more of dried hops, and fill a small pillow case, to be placed most successful in inducing sleep.

Prolonged driving in an open carriage has been known by the writer to cure most hopeless insomnia following on convalescence from illness.

Change of air and scene are of marvellous benefit in all cases of insomnia. The change would be to a bracing place if possible.

Finally, remember that sleeplessness is always caused by disordered nerves. Fresh air and baths are the finest nerve-soothers in the world. So, too, are sunshine rooms. An interesting house does more good to a jaded nervous system than any drug. So, dear, don't forget that a dry book taken last thing at night is an excellent and safe soporific. If someone else reads it aloud the beneficial effect is greatly increased.

The Wreck of a Once Happy Home

By Morton Birge

YOU'VE done it, Mister Editor;
You're done it good and brown.
You've turned our happy household
most completely upside down.

Your problem of the lifebelt and
three people lost at sea
Is working out a fiasch in the foolish house for me.

My wife is at her mother's home,
preparing for divorce.
She says the only argument I understand is force.

The kids are scrapping all the time
about that blessed belt.
The clamor about the household is
the kind that can be felt.

The cook is at the kitchen door, a
poker in her hand,
She's laying for the ice-man who
has failed to understand
The problem as she sees it. So the
next thing that he knows,
He'll learn that she's a lady and
that her opinion goes.

I'm not so interested in this problem, now you see,
This ocean life-preserver's not the
thing that bothers me.
A preservation question more important—so I think—
Is—How can I preserve my home,
which you've put on the blink?

YOUR GIRL'S CHARACTER ACCORDING TO MONTHS

WOULD-BE benedicts can gain an insight into the character of the girls of their hearts if they study the following doctrine of an old astrologer, who professed to give the character of a girl according to her birth month:

'The January girl is a careful housewife, good tempered, but rather fond of finery.

The February maiden will be an affectionate wife and mother, but, like her January sister, fond of dress.

March girls are said to be frivolous chatterboxes.

April girls are inconstant and not very intelligent.

May maidens are handsome and amiable.

June gives impetuous damsels, who will marry early.

July is responsible for sulky characters, allied to handsome faces.

August makes a girl practical and amiable, and quite likely to make a good marriage.

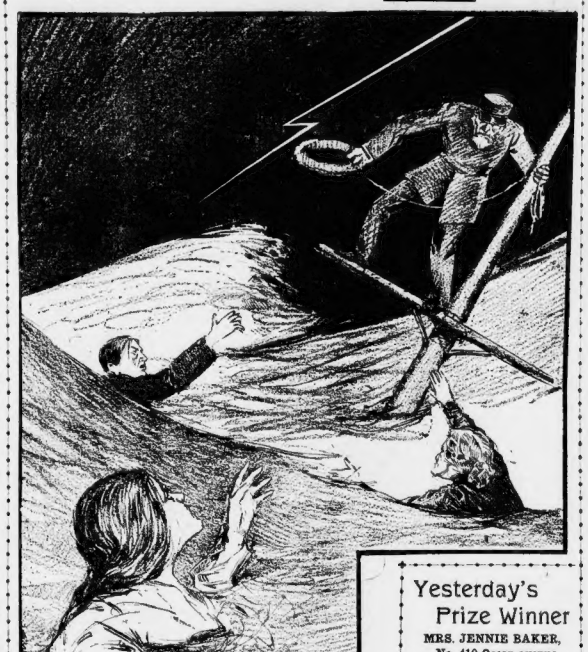
Sweet September is discreet, affable and a general favorite.

October has the effect of making those born in it pretty and coquettish.

November girls are liberal and kind.

The December girls, although well proportioned, are fond of novelty and extravagant.

IF YOU WERE CAPTAIN, WHAT WOULD YOU DO?



Struggling in the water are three passengers—a married man, an aged woman and a little girl. The ship is sinking. There is only one life preserver.

To whom should the captain give the last lifebelt—the aged woman, whose lease of life has nearly expired?—the man in the prime of life, with wife and children dependent upon him?—or the little girl, with nearly all her life before her? What would YOU do?

A cash prize of $2 will be given each day for best letters in answer to this interesting question. Tell which you would save. Give your reasons. Letters must not be over 150 words in length. Address Home Page Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN, Nos. 80-82 Summer street, Boston.

Yesterday's Prize Winner

MRS. JENNIE BAKER,
No. 410 Ocean avenue,
Revere Beach.

Put Yourself in This Captain's Place and Then Decide How You Would Solve the Difficulty

THE Home Magazine editor cannot answer questions in regard to this fascinating problem. You would appreciate the position could you see the mass of letters which buried him this morning.

The problem is simple. It's told all in a nutshell. There are no other conditions.

All you have to do is to put yourself in the position of the wavering captain and decide what you would do.

Use your own "Thinking Machine" and solve the question. Give your reasons for your decision.

Here are the best of the letters received this morning.

ONE FOR THE MAN

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

While pity would almost burst my heart for the aged lady, and charity would join me for the young girl, I would gladly give the last lifebelt to the man with the family awaiting him.

I believe there would be more joy at his return by his wife and children than for the return of either of the others. He would leave orphans, and orphans are the most pitiful things on this earth.

Then there is the wife—all her hopes shattered—her fatherless children. What chance has she? The parents may weep for a child, but they are stronger than the orphans. The children of the older woman may weep for her, but they are older and better able to stand the strain; but the love of the child at home for the parent far surpasses any older love.

So I say by all means give the last lifebelt to the man with the family.

ANDREW J. JACKSON.

No. 28 Hancock street, Cambridge.

A LITTLE GIRL'S VIEW

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

I saw your prize in the paper. I think the little girl ought to be saved first of all.

MARY HOGAN.

No. 23 Warren street, Roxbury.

ALL PROVIDED FOR

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

Give the lifebelt to the aged woman. She is too old to help herself and there is no strong arm to help her.

The man in the prime of life can certainly swim or find something to cling to until succor comes. He has power and endurance.

The captain is an expert in the water and saves the girl.

Thus each one is given a chance for life. Human respect for the aged would not let the man take it. The girl would not willingly take it on the same grounds. And it is easier for the captain to aid the young girl than it is the woman. And the man would undoubtedly help the aged woman.

J. DRYER SMITH.

No. 1,128 Washington street, New Dorchester.

AWAY WITH CHIVALRY

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

If I were the captain, my first thought would be of chivalry. I suppose, as that is the one idea drilled into the hearts of our American boys from early childhood. Respect for old age would influence me toward the old lady, and the protection of the helpless and weak would turn me to the little girl.

However, if I knew the facts as they are stated in the BOSTON AMERICAN, i. e., that the man was a husband and father, I would surely reason that it were the most humane course to save him, thereby saving his wife and children from pain, hardships and perhaps death.

The old lady had lived most of her life, and while it seems terrible to abandon old age in favor of youth, it was only one life, and the same might be said of the little girl, who had no responsibility in life as yet.

LILLIAN A. BREAULT.

No. 109 Worcester street, Boston.

FROM A SEAMAN

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

By all means the lifebelt should be given the little girl.

As for the woman and man, their chances are two to one as against the little girl. Many a woman and man have been picked up at sea clinging to some log or holding on to a raft for days.

The little girl has all her life before her, and she may become a great mother of good citizens of this country, which is what this country needs.

The aged woman's race is run.

As for the man, if he were drowned his wife would have a hard struggle until the children would be able to give her a helping hand.

SEAMAN ERNEST T. MEGERIAN.

Who traveled 28,000 miles in one year upon seven ships.

Roxbury.

IN HONOR BOUND

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

As aged woman, whose feeble hands cling to the last vestige of life; a little girl grasping out into the unknown and scarce sprung into the realization of life, and a vigorous man, capable of toiling for wife and children; given these, with one chance for deliverance, I, as an unbiased and honor-bound captain, would thrust the lifebelt into the man's arms and let him struggle for children, wife and himself.

The crumbling aspects of the present exist but a moment, while the heartrending vision of destitute wife and children exists forever. Swept into eternity, the aged woman and the little girl are a solace to their future, while to tear away the father overburdens the struggling wife and children.

Is not the sacrifice of one to save three, perhaps four, immeasurably chaste, and the sacrifice of four for the salvation of one unmerciful selfishness?

FREDERIC O. ANDERSON.

No. 36 East Lenox street, Boston.

LOOKS REASONABLE

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

If I were the captain I think I should give the lifebelt to the aged woman.

The man, having strength and courage, ought to be able to battle the storm as well as the captain himself.

The child, having youth and vitality, would last longer than the aged woman, who, having neither courage or strength, would be the first to succumb.

Therefore I should give the belt to the aged woman, thus being free she would try and help the child, and the man could, I think, save himself better than either of the other two. HENRY T. SHALLOW.

No. 2 Griffin place, Salem, Mass.

LET HER REMARRY

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

In view of the fact that only one of the three persons can be saved by the one remaining lifebelt, I should certainly give the same to the little girl, and in my opinion my conduct would be a matter of duty, as the wife of the man should be able to look after his children and herself.

Then again she should be able to remarry. In either case there should be no suffering barring the mental loss of the husband, who is past middle age.

The aged woman's lease of life has nearly expended.

The young girl's life is nearly all before her. Consequently, as in the one life in three, the girl would get the lifebelt, if I were captain. GEORGE RUSSELL.

No. 24 Centre street, Brockton.

AN UNWRITTEN LAW

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

I should say the following reasons could be given why the captain should give the last lifebelt to the little girl: the man in the prime of life, but, in my humble opinion, the lifebelt should be given to the aged woman, for the following reasons:

It is an unwritten law, or should be, in every disaster at sea, to save the women and children first.

You have placed the captain in a position where he must make his decision quickly, and the pleading face of the aged woman, who would probably remind him of his own mother, would appeal to his sympathy and his humanity as to cause him to give his lifebelt and go to it around her waist with his own hands.

WILLIAM F. McCONAGHY.

No. 2784 Cabot street, Beverly.

Hints on Health and Beauty

By the Professor

DEAR PROFESSOR:

My little girl, four years old, has very poor hair. It seems dry, thin and uneven. I had her hair cut last May, but it hasn't improved it much. I have been told to try vaseline and to let her wear a nightcap.

First, I would like to have your advice about it, for I know you have helped others. MRS. C. B. H.

Your suggestion regarding vaseline is a good one. I know of nothing better. The caps, too, are of advantage, as they protect the hair from the wear caused by the tossing about of the little head against the pillow.

DEAR PROFESSOR:

Please give me, through the Beauty Column of the BOSTON AMERICAN, a recipe for curling or keeping the hair in curl, as your services are so much appreciated. A. B.

PUT some distilled water into a wide-mouthed bottle. Drop into it enough quince seeds to make a slightly sticky liquid. Dampen the hair with this before putting up in kid or some other flexible curlers. The quince does not harm the hair at all, but will cause it to remain in curl.

FATHER TELLS WHAT ACTRESS SAID OF COREY

Miss Gilman Wrote All About Trouble Between Steel King and Wife.

NOW ROLLING IN WEALTH

By Boston American Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 30.—In a series of frank letters written to her father, Charles H. Gilman, of this city, Mabelle Gilman, whose affair with William E. Corey, the steel magnate, is now interesting two continents, tells how she delibrately set out in life to catch a rich husband. She describes her first meeting with Mr. Corey, of the infatuation that followed and of the jealousy of Mrs. Corey.

"Dear pop," wrote Miss Gilman, four years ago, "I may surprise you all by marrying a very rich man. This was while she was appearing in "The Mocking Bird" in Pittsburg and long before the millionaire and his wife had had any trouble.

Mr. Gilman says Mr. Corey occupied a box at the opening performance and that he became enamored of his daughter. Then came a supper and dinner at a Pittsburg restaurant, and several automobile rides about the city.

Dinner Started Trouble.

Mr. Gilman asserts that Mr. and Mrs. Corey had their first trouble when the latter heard that her husband had entertained the actress at the champagne dinner and then later the breach was made wider when Mrs. Corey saw a photograph of Miss Gilman reclining on a couch with a picture of Mr. Corey on an easel near at hand.

"I do not know why Cordy," the younger sister, writes Miss Gilman to her father, "always runs with poor men. The other day I came home and found a very nice young man with her, and they informed me that they intended getting married. I asked the young man if he was able to support my sister, and when he able to support my sister, and when he said he thought he was, I asked him how much he was getting. He said he was not getting much. I asked him if after he got married he intended living on me. You bet I was hot, and I told the young people that the thing would have to end right there.

Again Miss Gilman writes concerning the millionaire steel magnate:

"He asked me how old I was, and I told him I was eighteen when I went on the stage, and that that was three years ago, so I must be fifteen now."

In Paris and Wealthy.

"My daughter had everything she wanted while she was in Pittsburg," said Mr. Gilman. "It was that dinner that caused the trouble between the millionaire and his wife. I don't know anything about this man Corey, but when my daughter first met him, she thought he was a single man. Now my daughter is wealthy and she lives in Paris, and where do you suppose the money comes from? She has been invested in a quarter of a million in New York real estate, and she has lots more than that.

"I don't know what will be the end of this clandestine affair, as I have not written to me about it recently, but I don't think she will bring a bundle of promise suit. The girl is comfortable. She lives in Paris, and has her sister and her mother with her. Why should she want more?"

COURT SAYS WEEKS' GUARDIAN STAYS

Judge Stevens is to continue a guardian of J. Frank Weeks of Lacouia, N. H. Judge Dickin of the Probate Court dismissed the petition of Mrs. Mary Weeks on the ground that no proper evidence was shown that Judge Stevens was unfitted as the guardin for Mr. Weeks.

Weeks maintained that he had received cruel treatment at the hands of Judge Stevens, and that improper methods were employed to bring him into Masonic serts. After arguments by counsel Judge McKim sided on the evidence to not dismiss the bill.

Next Week's "Thinking Machine" Story Is Entitled

"THE FATAL CIPHER"

You will be sorry if you miss the opening chapter of this story in

Next Monday's Boston American

Fifty Watches AND $100 IN CASH

Given Away to Those Who Guess How It Ends

Winners in "The Man Who Was Lost" will be announced in tomorrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

AIRSHIP TAKES MAN SKYWARD

Successful Test of Graham Bell's Flying Machine Makes Inventor Confident.

Special to the Boston American.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 30.—Professor Alexander Graham Bell thinks he is a step nearer the attainment of his ambition to perfect a flying machine based on the tetrahedral kite principle. He has been experimenting in this direction for several years on his estate, Beinn Bhreagh, Cape Breton. He has succeeded in getting his latest designed kite, which he has named the Frost King, to life a man weighing 165 pounds to a height of thirty feet and support him there as steadily as if glued to the sky.

The kite, which is constructed of 1,300 tetrahedral cells, having a total area of 7552 square feet of silk, making a supporting surface of 440 square feet, carried aloft not only its own weight of sixty-one pounds but also a load comprising tiller, dare-gilling ropes and a rope ladder, making sixty two pounds, together with the man, making a total altogether of 288 pounds.

Photographs were taken of the kite, which was for the entire time under perfect control.

TAKE INVENTOR FOR BOND THEFT

Bridgeport Man Charged with Stealing Papers and Jewelery Valued at $11,000.

BRIDGEPORT, Ct., Dec. 30.—George W. Cornwell, until recently treasurer of the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company and an inventor of note, is under arrest on the charge of theft of United States bonds and jewelry valued at $11,000. The complainant is Mrs. Gilbert A. Lumpkin, wife of Gilbert A. Lumpkin, who also was known as Lumpkin & Gill of St. Louis of the firm of Arnold & Co., which became involved in legal difficulties with the Postoffice Department, because of the alleged "get-rich-quick" methods of doing business.

Cornwell was held in $10,000 bail for a hearing to-day. He went to jail in default of bail.

The alleged theft occurred on the night of January 29 last. On the night in question Mrs. Lumpkin was entertaining a party of friends, including the Cornwells. She had placed the bonds and her jewels in a case and hidden it in a bed. During the party the case disappeared and the theft was immediately reported to the police.

The recent appearance of one of the missing registered bonds and the fact that Cornwell had been connected with the negotiating of it led to his arrest.

BOMB CAUSES CHURCH PANIC

ROME, Dec. 30.—A bomb was exploded pleded inside the Church of St. Agatha at Foggia during the celebration of high mass this morning and a panic followed, as the church was crowded at the time. Many persons in the congregation were trodden under foot in the rush to get outside the building. It is known that one person's ribs were broken in the panic. The windows of the church and the statuary inside the building were smashed by the force of the explosion.

Nine members of a secret society are believed to have been implicated in the affair.

HURRICANE SEA DAMAGED LINER

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—The White Star steamer Celtic, which arrived to-day from Liverpool and Queenstown, was delayed on Christmas day by a hurricane from the northeast. The day's run was only 178 knots.

An enormous sea broke over the starboard quarter, ripping out a section of extremely heavy plated waist bulwarks, and swept through the engineer's gangway, flooding various compartments and smashing in windows, doors and deadlights.

The Celtic brought 2,485 sacks of mail and fifty-four packages of parcels which is said to establish a new record for West-bound mail.

UNCLE SAM'S DEFICIT IS CUT TO $9,000,000

Has Been Reduced From $24,000,000 Since the First of Last July.

BIG INCREASE IN REVENUE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The end of the calendar year, which marks the half way mile post of the government's annual journey, finds Uncle Sam in good humor. The revenues have increased to a record breaking extent, while the expenditures have markedly decreased. It is the belief of treasury officials that were it not for the Panama canal construction, the deficit in the treasury would be entirely wiped out. It was $24,000,000 on the first of last July. It stands now at less than $9,000,000. A slight falling off in customs duties and internal revenue tax is looked for. This, with the canal appropriations may at the end of the fiscal year, June 30, find Uncle Sam's pocketbook somewhat less than $10,000,000 to the bad. The estimate of the yearly deficit is $85,000,000.

In reaching this result, the department's estimate for customs duties for the fiscal year was placed at $25,000,000. So far from coal a half millions of that has already been received. The estimates on internal revenue receipts was eight millions dollars. Only one and a half million more will make this an actuality.

As an indication of the prosperity of the country, treasury experts point to the customs duties, which in the last six months are over $18,000,000 more than for the same period of last year.

The cause is giving the treasury officials much concern. They do not believe that anyone can at present give an accurate idea as to its cost. After the annual estimate was presented to Congress the first of this month an appropriation of $4,000,000 was asked for, but the treasury officials had known nothing about it. They have been given to understand that economy is to be the watchword, that there are to be no new public buildings, no river and harbor contracts authorized, or any private legislation that will raid the treasury. They have further been informed that the great supply measures will be looked off wherever it is possible.

GAELIC PUPILS MEET TO STUDY

The members of the St. James branch of the Gaelic League of Dublin, Inc., will meet to-morrow afternoon in Chesters Hall, No. 5 Harvard street, from 2:30 to 6 o'clock. The different classes will be in charge of Miss M. J. Donovan, who will be assisted by Miss Nellie Kelly, O'Flaherty and Messrs. Patrick O. Kelly, George M. Sage, Thomas F. Murphy and William Casey. After the regular instruction in the study of the Irish language is finished a social will be given by members of the branch.

TOLD FUNNY STORIES; NOW WANTS $9,000

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Dec. 30.—Captain Lewis E. Ijams has sued the estate of the late Abraham Brokaw for his services in telling the old man funny stories, reading chapters from the Bible and in other ways brightening his declining days during the three years that the eccentric manufacturer made his home with Ijams.

The Brokaw estate is valued at $2,000,000, and Ijams confidently expected to be remembered in the old man's will. He was overlooked, although Brokaw had no direct heirs.

DEATH REAPS HARVEST FROM GREEN XMAS

Number of Victims Increases 44 Per Cent. Over Corresponding Week of Year Ago.

PNEUMONIA HEADS LIST

The weekly report of the Boston Board of Health, issued today, shows an alarming increase of deaths in the city, compared with the corresponding week of last year. The "green christmas" is making its fell graveyard.

The total number of deaths reported in the city for the week ending to-day is 218, against 169 for the same week in 1904. This is an increase of forty four deaths, or over 26 per cent. Pneumonia, the dread accompaniment of this damp, treacherous weather, caused forty-two deaths out of the 218 deaths. Tuberculosis, another fatal attendant on the "green Christmas," caused twenty-three deaths. Heart disease caused twenty-five.

Here is the official report:

The total number of deaths reported to the Board of Health for the week is 218, against 169 the corresponding week last year, showing an increase of 44 deaths, and making the death rate for the week 18.67. Of the deaths 117 were males and 96 were females; 208 were white and 10 colored; 159 were born in the United States, 55 in foreign countries and 4 unknown; 25 were of American parentage, 135 of foreign parentage and 57 unknown.

The number of cases and deaths from infectious diseases reported this week is as follows: Diphtheria, 50 cases and 2 deaths; scarlatina, 40 cases and 2 deaths; typhoid fever, 15 cases and no deaths; measles, 164 cases and 4 deaths; tuberculosis, 31 cases and 23 deaths.

The deaths from pneumonia were 42, heart disease 25, bronchitis 10 and marasmus 4. There were 11 deaths from violent causes. The number of children who died under one year was 45, the number under five years, 65. The number of persons who died over sixty years of age was 47. The deaths in public institutions were 62.

SAGE, 89, WANTS TO REACH 'PAR'

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Russell Sage, who left his bed on Thursday to answer the call of the wild in Wall street, who were brought to the bulls' market by music, and who made $20,000 by busting $6,000,000 short in the cent. shivvel, did not go down to his office yesterday as he planned. The damp weather held him a prisoner in his home.

"I am eighty-nine now," said Uncle Russell, "and I want to go to par."

TO ERECT STATUE OF FRANKLIN IN PARIS

PARIS, Dec. 30.—Work will begin next week on the erection of the statute of Benjamin Franklin, to be presented to the city by the American colony in Paris. The statue will be erected on the rue Franklin, near the square of the Trocadero. This will be the fourth statue presented by Americans to the city of Paris.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

TELLS BY THEIR SLEEP

"I can tell by my little ones' sleep when a cold is coming on" said a mother when speaking of the advance symptoms of colds in children. "They toss about, are restless, their breathing is heavy and there are symptoms of night sweats. The next morning I start with Scott's Emulsion. The chances are that in a day or two they are all over it. Their rest is again peaceful and the breathing normal."

Here's a suggestion for all mothers. Scott's Emulsion always has been almost magical in its action when used as the ounce of prevention. Nothing seems to overcome child weakness quite so effectively and quickly as Scott's Emulsion.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

Mechanics Building
Special Features TODAY
Prof. E. E. Prince, Wizard of Mirth.
Why Sugar Is Sweet—A Social Science Lecture.
Tonight—Howard W. DuBois
Will talk on "Singing Canaries" in Connection with Bird Exhibition.
Tonight at 8, Fly Casting Contest on the Lake in Main Hall.

Sportsmen's Show
The Biograph Lectures and Talking Pictures in the Main Hall will commence this afternoon and evening lectures.
Rods, Reels and Tackle of Summer Exhibition Hall.
Special Notice—The annual skating carnival will be held in the Rink Thursday evening, Jan. 4.
Opens Daily at 10 A. M.
Admission, 50c; Children Under 12, 25c.

CALIFORNIA
If you are going to California, Oregon, or Washington, save your money and yet get all comforts and advantages by joining a Select Special Through Tourist Car Party. You pay for railroad ticket, and an extra low price ticket, a comfortable Tourist Sleeping Car, and above all, the personal attention of our experienced and judicious employes. Write to-day to
C. K. Ackerson, G. E. Agent,
Hudson Tourist Car Parties,
353 Tremont Building, Boston,
and learn about these parties.

EMPIRE THEATRE
Empire Music Co., Limited Manager.
Elaborate Production of Messrs. Eyre and Hamilton's English Success.
THE SILVER KING
Today at 2 and 8 P. M.
Prices: 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c.
Next Week—Return of the Favorite Company in Their Latest Success, THE SILVER KING. Second Week.

COLONIAL THEATRE
TONIGHT at 8
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
WILLIAM GILLETTE
IN HIS NEW AMERICAN COMEDY
"CLARICE"
MAT. TODAY AT 2.
Extra Mat. Wed., Jan. 3, at 2.

Castle Sq.
Dress Circle Office, 15 Winter St.
TO-DAY at 2 and 8 P. M.
RANSON'S FOLLY
Prices, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, $1.
Monday, Jan. 1, "Oliver Twist."
Special New Year's Day Matinee.

$2.00 Reduced Limited RATE
BOSTON to NEW YORK Via Fall River Line
Daily service, including Sundays
Steamers leave Boston, Pier 37, Atlantic Avenue, at 5 P. M. Due at Pier 19, North River, New York, 7 A. M.
Plymouth, Providence or Fall River, 25c extra.
Direct connections at New York for New Haven & Hartford Railroad offices.

GLOBE Evening Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c
Bickel, Watson & Wrothe
In the Funny Tom, Dick Comedy
Matinees Daily
And Harry Tuesday
Next Week—Under Southern Skies.
Sunday Night Popular 25-50c Concert.

COLUMBIA
Empire Burlesquers
SMOKING ALLOWED
Daily Mats. 25c
TODAY

HOWARD
TODAY 1 TO 11 P. M.
Geo. H. Alexander, Hegan & Price, Cooke and McBride, Magrath Family, Mr. and Mrs. Cal Ahearn and other specialties. The Howard Boy Soprano, 40 lovely ladies, in the ensemble song numbers, 40 tea-drinkers, in the waterside scene.

PALACE
BON TON BURLESQUERS
Prices 10, 20, 25c. Telephone 2150 Haymarket.

LYCEUM
WINE, WOMAN AND SONG CO.
Today 2:15 & 8. Orchestra Seats 25c. Tel. 29 Ox.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON THEATRE
LAWRENCE McCARTY.... Lessee & Manager
EVENINGS AT 7:45 SHARP
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2
The Only Big Musical Show in Town
SAM. S. and LEE SHUBERT Present
JEFFERSON De ANGELIS
OPERA COMPANY
In the Successful Musical Comedy
FANTANA
DON'T MISS IT
MATINEES WED. & SAT.
TO-MORROW EVE SUND CONCERT
10—BIG ACTS—10 2000 Seats 25c

TREMONT THEATRE
"A WHIRL OF FUN."—American.
MATINEE TO-DAY.
HENRY W. SAVAGE'S
MERRY HOLIDAY OFFERING
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK HITCHCOCK
In the New Farce,
The GALLOPER
By RICHARD HARDING DAVIS
Evenings at 8. Matinees at 10:35
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2

TO-DAY
Of Course You Will Go and See the Big Holiday Week Bill, but Go Early and Be Sure to Bring the Children in the Afternoon, Where? Why,
KEITH'S
Of Course, of Course. Performance Continuous 1:30 till 10:30 P. M.

MAJESTIC LAST WEEK
LAST MATINEE TO-DAY
Hanlon Bros.' Magnificent Pantomime
FANTASMA
Next Week—Extra Trade 100 POPULAR CONCERT SUNDAY
NEXT New Year's WEEK, THE UNIVERSAL FAVORITE LEW DOCKSTADER
AND HIS OWN GREAT MINSTRELS
SEATS NOW SELLING.

HOLLIS ST THEATRE
CHAS. E. EDDY Proprietor & Manager
LAST TWO PERFORMANCES.
Evenings at 8. Matinee To-day at 2.
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
FRANCIS WILSON
In the Clyde Fitch Comedy in Three Acts
"COUSIN BILLY"
Directed by the Author and Stage Manager
"He Little Father of the Wilderness."
NEXT WEEK JOHN DREW in His Latest Success, The Second in Command.

PARK THEATRE
LAST WEEK BUT ONE Matn. Wed. & Sat. 2
Charles Frohman Presents
JOSEPH WHEELOCK, Jr. JUST
GEORGE ADE'S OUT OF
Roaring Success COLLEGE

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
MATINEE TODAY
Matn. Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 2
No Extra Charge.
Evenings at 8 WHEN THE WORLD SLEEPS
Next Week—A Wife's Secret.

PARK SQUARE ROLLER SKATING RINK
Open Every Morning, Afternoon, Evening.

BOWDOIN SQUARE THEATRE
Every Afternoon at 2. Every Evening at 8.
Uncle Tom's Cabin
Now next to the Home Sho.
NEW WEEK—FAUST.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN
Published Daily and Sunday at 90 and 92 Summer street, Boston, Mass.
NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.
Entered as second class matter, March 21, 96, at the post office at Boston, Mass.
Price: Daily, One Cent; Sunday, Five Cents.
Terms: Postage included for the United States (outside of Boston), Canada and Mexico.

Daily only:
One year $6.00
Six months 3.00
One month ..... .50
Sunday only:
One year 2.50
Six months 1.25
Daily and Sunday:
One year 8.50
Six months 4.25
One month ..... .70

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, DECEMBER 30, 1905

A Rich Old Man's Rich Daughter

Does Too Much Money Mean Happiness?

A few thousands of Americans spend their time, hurt their health and ruin their children—spending too much money.

The other citizens spend their time—apparently—in envying the too rich and in trying to get as rich as they are.

We have heard from one of the very rich. He is an old man—eighty-seven. His daughter—divorced—has left his house, and the old man says plaintively that he does not know what the matter is.

He thinks he has been a good father, and that his daughter ought to have been satisfied with him.

He allowed her, it seems, five thousand dollars a month spending money—besides letting her and her children live in his house for nothing. But that petty sum would not do. Lately "she has spent at least two hundred dollars a day more than her allowance," says her father.

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS A DAY is seventy-three thousand dollars a year, so it is evident that the daughter thought her father was not doing his duty by any means. He was doing less than half of his duty.

The old man's grandson comes home from college; he and his sister explain that they do not know what all the trouble is about.

It is simple. The trouble is about too much money. It is about spoiling an ignorant child with luxury and foolish ideas.

When this old man worked in a grocery store in Ohio and wheeled around barrels of flour, he was better off. He must think now of his former partner, the late Mayor Strong—and of that man's "admirable" son—also a product of money unearned.

Many of our American fathers and mothers, stupidly imagining that to make children worthless and idle is to help them, are trying to solve the problem of this very old man, worrying because his angry daughter has left him.

The sins of the fathers are visited upon the children. And the sin visited most swiftly upon the child is that of making children independent of personal effort, depriving them of the incentive which has made the father's success and which is necessary to all mankind.

Had old Mr. Work continued in Ohio rolling flour barrels he would have WITH HIM a happy, good-natured daughter, frying potatoes, looking after her own children, HAPPY.

But he bought her an English husband to begin with. Then gave her too much money—and now he tells the rest of the story to the newspapers.

The Correspondent Who Did Not "Bulletin" His News

By His Act He Lost the Opportunity of a Lifetime and Taught a Powerful Lesson to Others

A newspaper correspondent in Moscow, the other night, had the opportunity to become famous. He succeeded in getting a telephone wire to St. Petersburg, and might have been the first to give to the world the awful results of the scenes of carnage in the ancient capital.

He said, "I am going to tell you a horrible story——" when the wire ceased working. Beyond these nine words there was no intimation for many hours of what had happened in Moscow.

It is probable that this correspondent was not an American. The American newspaper correspondent is trained not to waste words in getting his news to the world. It is an underlying principle of the work of reporting, in America, that in such an event as this in Moscow the correspondent should utilize his first words, by telegraph or telephone, to tell WHAT HAPPENED. The time for comment is later.

It is conceivable that the man was so overcome with the horror of the scenes he had been through that he could think of nothing to say, when he reached the wire, but to exclaim upon the awfulness of what he was going to tell.

In doing this he wasted nine words, AND NINE WORDS HAPPENED TO BE THE LIMIT OF HIS DISPATCH.

The American newspaper correspondent seldom is overcome by scenes of horror, although from the very requirements of his work he is, if successful, a man of deep sympathy and ready emotions.

But such is the effect of his training and continual trend of thought that HIS WORK is the one thing foremost in his mind. When that is done he will find time to tell of his horror. Until then he has only the duty of getting the facts to his newspaper.

Suppose this correspondent at Moscow had said: "Ten thousand have been killed; troops hold the city"—if that chanced to be the principal fact in his story. He would have used his nine words to some avail.

When his wire failed he would have had the satisfaction of knowing that the story had reached the world, that his paper had been served, and that he had beaten all other correspondents in getting news out of the stricken city.

There was a similar happening in American newspaper history. The country knew that a battle was imminent between General Miles and an army of hostile Indians, and breathlessly awaited the news. The battle was fought. The troops won.

A correspondent of small experience secured the only telegraph wire and sent these words: "A battle was fought to-day between General Miles, with——" At that second the enemy cut the wire.

The country waited FOUR DAYS before it learned the result.

It would have been different if the correspondent had begun his dispatch with the words, "Miles wins."

In this predicament of the Moscow correspondent who wasted words there is a lesson for every young reporter in America. It is: "Tell your story first, in a 'bulletin.'"

There is an equally trite lesson for every other man, woman and child in the country—the lesson never to delay.

It teaches the wisdom of the old proverb, "Never put off until to-morrow what you can do to-day." It goes farther and teaches: "What you can do THIS MINUTE, do not put off until another."

Little Editorials from the People

"GOOD OLD JOHN B."

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

John B. Moran he knocked 'em out,
Put the Police Commish to rout.
He tackled first one swell hotel,
The others trouble, who can tell
What may be done by such a man?
John B., I mean, John B. Moran.

John B., he closed the Touraine's bar,
Says he'll close others if they are
So rude's to violate the law.
Ain't he the best you ever saw?
There ain't much of an "Also ran"
About John B., John B. Moran.

Now here's a point; year after year,
Police Commish has been right here;
It's funny that ther've never seen
A curtain or unlawful screen;
But he can see, you bet he can,
John B. has eyes, John B. Moran.

And as for alleged School Street graft,
John B. is wise to just such craft,
Says, "Cut it out or you're my meat,
The very kind I love to eat.
Your record I will closely scan,"
Remarks John B., John B. Moran.

John B. says, "You obey the law.
If you'd avoid the prison's maw,
I won't have any darned galoots
A-monkeying with our statutes,
I'll run my job on just this plan:"
Good old John B., John B. Moran.

F. B. CARLETON.

No. 419 Boylston street, Boston.

THE HALL-ROOM BOYS

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SAY FERD, YOU SAID THE OTHER DAY THAT MY HAT WAS GETTING SEEDY LOOKING. I'VE AN IDEA. SEE THAT DRIP PAN? IT'S LEAKING. WE WALK UNDER THE DRIP DOES THE REST. I STING THE COMPANY FOR A NEW HAT. HA! HA!
THIS LOOKS SUSPICIOUS!
HA! HA! I'M IN ON THIS TOO.
1
DID YOU HEAR HER GO-KER-PLUNK? IT'S A SHAME TO DO IT. HA! HA!
COME PERC- GIVE US A SHOW. YOU'VE ENOUGH ON FOR A DAMAGE SUIT.
HO! HO! THAT'S THE IR GAME IS IT. IT'S GIVE THEM MORE THAN THEY BARGAINED FOR.
2
IS SHE STRIKING THE BULL'S EYE?
QUICK NOW- THE OTHER CRACK!
3
4
I WISH TO SEE THE MANAGER AT ONCE. DO YOU SEE THIS HAT AND THE STATE THAT MY CLOTHES ARE IN? IT'S AN OUTRAGE WHEN A RE SPECTABLE CITIZEN CAN'T CROSS THE STREET WITHOUT GETTING DELUGED WITH DRIPPINGS FROM YOUR ANTIQUATED STRUCTURE. THERE IS NO NEGLIGENCE IS NOTHING SHORT OF CRIMINAL. WE WANT DAMAGES!
5
YOUNG MAN CALM DOWN. I SAW THE WHOLE PERFORMANCE. YOU STOOD UNDER THAT DRIP PAN ON PURPOSE. YOU MAY NEED A NEW HAT, BUT YOU WON'T GET IT FROM THIS COMPANY
AND GREASE SPOTS ARE SO HARD TO GET OUT (TOO) HALL ROOM.
6

They Try to Beat a Soulless Corporation, but Without Success

BUGVILLE NURSERY RHYMES

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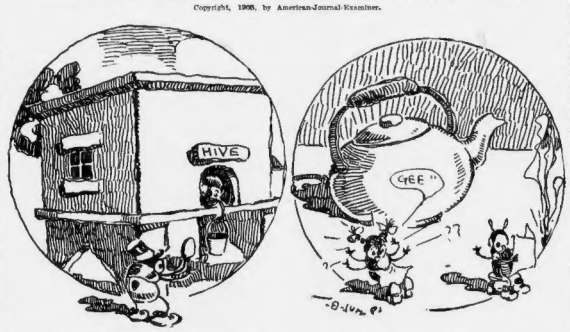

Higgledy-Piggleby—the cute little bee!
She makes good honey for you and me—
Sometimes we get it and think it nice—
It all depends—if we have the price!

Polly, put the kettle on—
We'll have a little spree—
Polly, put the kettle on—
And let's drink tea—(oh, me!).

Ella Wheeler Wilcox

The Paean of Peace

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

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ELLA WHEELER WILCOX

WITH ever some wrong to be righting,
With self ever seeking for place,
The world has been striving and fighting
Since man was evolved out of space.
Bold history into dark regions,
His torchlight has fearlessly cast;
He shows us tribes warring in legions,
In jungles of ages long passed.

Religion, forgetting her station,
Forgetting her birthright from God,
Set nation to warring with nation,
And scattered dissension abroad.
Dear creeds have made men kill each other,
Fair faith has bred hate and despair,
And brother has battled with brother
Because of a difference in prayer.

But earth has grown wiser and kinder,
For man is evolving a soul;
From wars of an age that was blinder
We rise to a peace-girdled goal.
Where once men would murder in treason
And slaughter each other in hordes,
They now meet together and reason,
With thoughts for their weapons, not swords.

The brute in humanity dwindles,
And lessens as time speeds along,
And the spark of Divinity kindles
And blazes up brightly and strong.
The seer can behold in the distance
The race that shall people the world—
Strong men of a godlike existence,
Unarmed, and with war banners furled.

The longer the bloodthirsty savage
Man's vast spirit strength shall unfold,
And tales of red warfare and ravage
Shall seem like ghost stories of old.
For the booming of guns and the rattle
Of carnage and conflict shall cease,
And the bugle call, leading to battle,
Shall change to a paean of peace.

For three may keep counsel if twain be away.
GEOFFREY CHAUCER.

Get the Most Out of the New Year

By Rev. Albert E. George

LOR! Let's be comfortable," says Charles Dickens.

This can be turned in the most sensible and practical advice for the New Year. A collar button always rolls under the bureau, yet that is enough to upset many a person. An ambitious collar with a worn edge fretting the neck can turn on the temper.

What's the use giving in to these petty details, though they make us uncomfortable or ill at ease.

Something has been said or done that sticks in the mind. We brood over it until a mountain is made out of a mole hill.

These little things in life vex us more than the big things. Is it because we see much in them, or is it because we like to harp upon them and court misery?

Many a person has been out of sorts with himself and everything else the past year. As he grows older he becomes more cranky, and you cannot touch him with a ten-foot pole without having him go off half cocked.

Why, my dear fellow, forget yourself and be comfortable. Don't give up smoking, for that will doubtless make you more irritable, but give up magnifying your little troubles.

When you have something deserving of worrying, go off by yourself, and fight the battle alone. Do not give your friends the brunt of your depressed feelings. Nothing makes a person so repellant as telling his troubles.

You would much rather hear anything else than these. To know that the boss of the United States had twenty billion eggs last year is more edifying information. Talk nonsense in preference to talking trouble.

We can forgive the man who cracks an old joke, but the man who details his trouble upon every occasion destroys our comfort. When we see him coming, we instinctively feel like ducking our heads under the desk.

Let's be comfortable. Get all the joy you can out of life. It belongs to you. Do not begin the New Year by saying you will not do this or that.

A negative position never wears well. Be positive in what you want. What does it matter if you have not everything you want. But it does matter that you are enjoying what you have. A bird in the hand is always worth two in the bush.

Comfort lies in getting the best returns out of your investments.

You can be a happier individual the coming year by doing better with what you have. Speaker Cannon declares the American people are better, more honest, more moral than ever before in history.

That is the way to talk. It shows the right side up with care. Anything that tends to make us think more of our discomforts than of our advantages keeps us in the background of complaint.

Everyone can get more out of life, but he gets it in knowing what he deserves, and in appreciating it when he has it.

Bad men live that they may eat and drink, whereas good men eat and drink that they may live.
SOCRATES.

ISN'T IT JUST LIKE A WOMAN?

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THAT'S JACK'S VOICE. HE WROTE SO THAT HE WANTED TO SEE ME ALONE. I WONDER IF HE IS GOING TO PROPOSE.
I-ER- WAS LOOKING AT THE CUTEST LITTLE FLAT TO-DAY.
OH- I DETEST FLATS. WHEN I GET MARRIED, MY HUSBAND MUST OWN HIS OWN HOME.
HE MUST BE TALL AND HANDSOME AND GIBSONESQUE
I WONDER WHY HE LEFT SO SUDDENLY? I'M SURE I DIDN'T SAY ANYTHING TO OFFEND HIM.

1. *She hopes that the man she loves will pluck up courage to propose—*
2. *But when he begins to lead up to the subject by degrees—*
3. *She does all she can to discourage him—*
4. *And then she wonders why he is so alone. NOW, ISN'T THAT JUST LIKE A WOMAN?*